

# **SWAMI VIVEKANAND UNIVERSITY, SIRONJA, SAGAR (M.P.)**



## **SYLLABUS**

**For**

**B.Tech Safety & Fire Engineering**

**Swami Vivekanand University, Sironja Sagar  
2013-2014**

**B.TECHDEGREECOURSEIN  
SAFETY&FIREENGINEERING**

(W. e. f. 2013-14)

**SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS AND  
SYLLABUS**

**B.TECHDEGREECOURSEINSAFETY&FIREENGINEERING**

**Scheme of Examinations**

**SEMESTERI&II**(Common to all branches)

CodeNo.	Subject	Hrs/week		Int	Univ	Total
		L	T/D/P			
CE/CS/EB/EC/EE/ EI/IT/ME/SE101	EngineeringMathematics-I	3		50	100	150
CE/CS/EB/EC/EE/ EI/IT/ME/SE102	EngineeringPhysics	2		50	100	150
CE/CS/EB/EC/EE/ EI/IT/ME/SE103	EngineeringChemistry	2		50	100	150
CE/CS/EB/EC/EE/ EI/IT/ME/SE104	EngineeringMechanics	3	1	50	100	150
CE/CS/EB/EC/EE/ EI/IT/ME/SE105	EngineeringGraphics	1	3	50	100	150
CE/CS/EB/EC/EE/ EI/IT/ME/SE106	BasicCivilandMechanical Engineering	2		50	100	150
CE/CS/EB/EC/EE/ EI/IT/ME/SE107	BasicElectricalEngineering andElectronics	2		50	100	150
CE/CS/EB/EC/EE/ EI/IT/ME/SE108	ComputerProgramming	2		50	100	150
CE/CS/EB/EC/EE/ EI/IT/ME/SE109	TechnicalCommunicationand Social Sciences	3*		50	100	150
CE/CS/EB/EC/EE/ EI/IT/ME/SE110	ComputerProgramming Laboratory	-	3	100	-	100
CE/CS/EB/EC/EE/ EI/IT/ME/SE111	ElectricalandMechanical Workshop	-	3	100	-	100
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>20</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>650</b>	<b>900</b>	<b>1550</b>

\*1hour/weekforEnvironmentalStudies.

## **SEMESTERIII**

CodeNo.	Subject	Hrs/week		Int.	Univ	Total
		L	T/D/P			
CE/CS/EB/EC/EE/ EI/IT/ME/SE301	Eng.Mathematics-II	4	-	50	100	150
SE 302	ChemicalEngineering	4	-	50	100	150
SE 303	FluidMechanicsand FluidFlowMachines	4	-	50	100	150
SE 304	ManufacturingProcesses	4	-	50	100	150
SE 305	Elementsof MachineDrawing	1	3	50	100	150
SE 306	PrinciplesofSafety Management	4	-	50	100	150
SE 307	MachineShop	-	3	100	-	100
SE 308	FluidMechanics& MachineryLab	-	3	100	-	100
	<b>TOTAL</b>	21	9	500	600	1100

## **SEMESTERIV**

CodeNo.	Subject	Hrs/week		Int.	Univ	Total
		L	T/D/P			
CE/CS/EB/EC/EE/ EI/IT/ME/SE401	Eng. Mathematics-III	4	-	50	100	150
SE 402	ChemicalEngineeringII	4	-	50	100	150
SE 403	StrengthofMaterials	4	-	50	100	150
SE 404	FireEngineering	4	-	50	100	150
SE 405	Electrical Technologyand SafetyinElectricalSystems	4	-	50	100	150
SE 406	FirstAidandEmergency Procedures	4	-	50	100	150
SE 407	StrengthofMaterialslab	-	3	100	-	100
SE 408	ElectricalTechnologyLab	-	3	100	-	100
	<b>TOTAL</b>	24	6	500	600	1100

## **SEMESTERV**

CodeNo.	Subject	Hrs/week		Int	Univ	Total
		L	T/D/P			
CE/CS/EB/EC/EE/ EI/IT/ME/SE501	Eng. Mathematics IV	4	-	50	100	150
SE 502	ChemicalEngineeringIII	4	-	50	100	150
SE 503	PrinciplesofEngineering Design	4	-	50	100	150
SE 504	FireEngineering	4		50	100	150
SE 505	Principlesof Industrial Management	4	-	50	100	150
SE 506	SafetyinConstruction	4		50	100	150
SE 507	SafetyEngineeringLab	-	3	100	-	100
SE 508	ChemicalEngineeringLab	-	3	100	-	100
	<b>TOTAL</b>	24	6	500	600	1100

## **SEMESTERVI**

CodeNo.	Subject	Hrs/week		Int	Univ	Total
		L	T/D/P			
SE 601	LegalAspects of Safety, Health and Environment	4	-	50	100	150
SE 602	ChemicalProcessSafety	4	-	50	100	150
SE 603	ProcessInstrumentation and ControlEngineering	4	-	50	100	150
SE 604	FireEngineeringIII	4	-	50	100	150
SE 605	EnvironmentalEngineering and Management	4	-	50	100	150
SE 606	OccupationalHealth & Hygiene Management	4	-	50	100	150
SE 607	EnvironmentalEngineering & M anagementLab	-	3	100	-	100
SE 608	MinorProject	-	3	100	-	100
	<b>TOTAL</b>	24	6	500	600	1100

## **SEMESTER VII**

CodeNo.	Subject	Hrs/week		Int	Unit	Total
		L	T/D/P			
SE 701	HazardIdentificationand RiskAssessment	4	-	50	100	150
SE 702	SafetyinRailandRoadTransport	4	-	50	100	150
SE 703	SafetyinEngineeringIndustry	4	-	50	100	150
SE 704	FireEngineeringIV	4	1	50	100	150
SE 705	Elective	4	-	50	100	150
SE 706	FireEngineeringLab	-	3	100	-	100
SE 707	IndustrialHygienelab	-	3	100	-	100
SE 708	Seminar	-	3	100	-	100
	<b>TOTAL</b>	20	10	550	500	1050

### **SE705 ELECTIVE-I**

- (A) AutomobileEngineeringandSafety
- (B) Safety inPetroleumandPetrochemicalIndustries(C)  
Food andBiosafety
- (D) FaultDetectionandDiagnosis

## **SEMESTER VIII**

CodeNo.	Subject	Hrs/week		Int	Unit	Total
		L	T/D/P			
SE 801	HumanFactorsEngineering	4	1	50	100	150
SE 802	DisasterManagement	5	-	50	100	150
SE 803	AdvancedSafetyEngineeringand Management	5	-	50	100	150
SE 804	Elective-II	5	-	50	100	150
SE 805	Project	-	10	300	-	300
SE 806	VivaVoce	-	-	-	100	100
	<b>TOTAL</b>	19	11	500	500	1000
	<b>GRANDTOTAL</b>			3700	4300	8000

### **SE804ELECTIVE-II**

- (A) SafetyinPowerPlants
- (B) SafetyinHealth-CareWasteManagement
- (C) FluidPowerSafety
- (D) TotalQualityManagement

# **101ENGINEERINGMATHEMATICSI**

## **MODULEI**

Ordinary differential questions:

First order differential equations-Methods of solution and Simple applicationsLinear differential questions of higher orders with constant co-efficient- Methods of solution of these equations.Cauchy's Linear differential equations.Simultaneous linear differential equations- Simple applications of linear differential equations in engineering problems - Electrical Circuits, Mechanical Systems

## **MODULEII**

Infinite series: Integral test, comparison test, ratio test, Cauchy's root test, Raabe's test, series of positive and negative terms, concept of absolute convergence, alternating series, Leibniz test (No proofs for any of the above tests) Power series: Internal of convergence of power series, Taylor and Maclaurin series of function's.

Leibniz formula for the derivative of the product of two functions (No proof), use of Leibniz formula for the determination of co-efficient of the power series.

## **MODULEIII**

Partial differentiation: Partial differentiation- Concept of partial derivative- Chain rule- Total derivative- Euler's theorem for homogeneous functions, Differentials and their applications in errors and approximations, Jacobians - Maximinim a function of two variables (Proof of the result not required)- Simple applications.

Taylor's series expansion for a function of two variables-Simple problems

Co-ordinate systems: Rectangular co-ordinates-Polar co-ordinates-In plane and in Space Cylindrical polar co-ordinates-Spherical polar coordinates

## **MODULEIV** Inte

gral calculus:

Application of definite integrals: Area, Volume, Arc length, Surface area.

Improper Integrals-Beta function-Gamma function multiple integrals: Evaluation of double integrals- Change of order of integration. Evaluation of triple integrals-Change of Variables in integrals.

Applications of multiple integrals Plane Area Surface area & Volumes of solids

## References

1. Mathematical Techniques: Oxford University Press
2. Engineering Mathematics: T. Veerarajan, TMGHPublishers
3. Higher Engineering Mathematics: B.S. Grewal, Khanna Publishers
4. Engineering mathematics - Vol 1: S.S. Sastry, PHI publishers Advanced Engineering Mathematics: Erwin Kreyszig, Wiley Eastern

## **Type of Questions for University Exam.**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks with two questions from each of the four modules.

Q2 to Q.5: Two questions A & B of 5 marks from each module with option to answer either A & B.

## **102: ENGINEERINGPHYSICS**

### **ModuleI:**

Interferenceoflight-Michelsoninterferometer-Applications-Interferenceinthinfilms  
Antireflectioncoatings-Interferencefilters- Fringesproducedbyairwedge-Testingofflatsurfaces-  
Diffractionoflight-Zoneplate-Planediffractiongrating-Reflectionand  
Transmissiongratings-Determinationofwavelengthoflight-Dispersiveandresolvingpowers  
- Polarizationoflight- Doublerefraction- Nicol'sprism -Quarterand halfwaveplates -Ellipticallyand  
circularlypolarizedlight-Opticalactivity-Specificrotation-Halfshadepolarimeter  
Applicationsofpolarizedlight.

### **ModuleII:**

LasersandHolography-Propertiesoflaserlight-Coherenceoflight-Principlesoflaser action -  
Population inversion -Optical pumping -Metastable states -Conditions forlaser action Types of  
lasers - Helium-Neon, Ruby and Semiconductor lasers - Applications of lasers Principles of  
holography - Recording and Reconstruction of holograms - Applications ofholography-Fiber  
optics-Lighttransmissionthroughopticalfiber-Numerical aperture- Multiandsinglemodefibers-  
Stepindexandgradedindexfibers-Fiberdrawing-Fiber opticcommunication(basicideas)-Ultrasonics-  
Generationofultrasonic waves-  
Applicationsof Ultrasound.

### **ModuleIII:**

Quantummechanics-Heisenberg'suncertaintyprinciple -Experimental illustrations -  
Quantum mechanical wave equation - Time independent Schrodinger equation - Physical  
significance of wave function - Properties of the wave function - Solution of Schrodinger equation  
- Atomic and nuclear physics - The Vector atom model- Quantization of orbital  
angularmomentum-Electronspin-Magneticmomentoforbitalelectron-Pauli'sexclusion principle-  
Zeeman effect - Stark effect -Raman effect. Nuclear physics - Nuclear forces - Propertiesofthe  
nucleus-Nuclearreactions-Nuclear reactioncross-section-Artificial  
Radioactivity -Nuclearreactors -Nuclearfusion -Thermonuclear reactions-Controlled  
Thermonuclear  
reactions.

### **ModuleIV:**

X-rays -Production of X-rays -Origin of X-rays and X-ray spectra -Moseley's law -PropertiesofX-  
rays- ApplicationsofX-rays- DiffractionofX-raysbycrystals- Bragg'slawCrystallography- Unitcell –  
Sevencrystalsystems- Bravaisspacelattices- PackingfactorLattice planesandMillerindices-  
Energybandsinsolids-Conductors,semiconductorsandinsulators- Intrinsic and extrinsic  
semiconductors - Conductivity of semiconductors - Fermi level - Applicationsofsemiconductors -  
p-injunctions-solar cells-Halleffectanditsapplications- Superconductivity-  
Superconductingtransition- TheMeisseneffect-Typeand Typedsuperconductors-Isotopeeffect-  
Hightemperaturesuperconductors-Josephsoneffect- SQUIDS- Applicationsofsuperconductors  
References

J.JacobPhilip-AtextbookofEngineeringPhysics,EducationalPublishersandDistributors  
2002

2. A.S. Vasudeva -ModernEngineeringPhysics.Chand&Co.

3.M.R.Serene vacant-PhysicsforEngineers-NewAgeInternational

### **TypeofQuestionsforUniversityExam.**

Q1.Eightshortanswerquestionsof5markswithtwoquestionsfromeachofthefourmodules.

Q2.toQ.5:TwoquestionsA&Bof15marksfromeachmoduleswithoptiontoanswereitherA&B.

## **103ENGINEERINGCHEMISTRY**

### **Module I**

Solid state chemistry: Fundamentals, Bonding in solids, Born-Haber cycle, Point defects, Methodstoimprovereactivityof solids,Free electron theory ,Band theory,Fertile veinsemiconductors,MoleClearfield theoryof magneticmaterials,Conventionalandorganic superconductors, High temperature superconductors, Liquid crystals, Applications. Solid surfacecharacterization:Electronspectoris copy forchemicalanalysis,Chemical shift,BETisotherm,Thermodynamicsofadsorption.

### **Module II**

Electrochemistry:Fundamentals,Electrode potentials,Types ofelectrodes, SaltBridge,elfmeasurement. Concentration cells, Acids and bases, Buffer solutions, ph measurements,

Polarization,Ovvoltage.Powergeneration:Secondarycells,Fuelcells,Photovoltaic effect, Solar cells.Corrosion: Differentformsofcorrosion,Preventionofcorrosion.

ChemicalKinetics:reactionrate, ratecontain,ratelaw, reaction order,firstorder,second Order, pseudo-firstorderreactions, integratedratelaws,half-lifeof are action and itsrelationtorateconstantMoleclarity,

simpleunimolecularandbimolecularreactions.Arrheniusequation.

Fastreactions – flashphotolysis, flow techniques and relaxation methods.

### **Module III**

Chemical Thermodynamics: Fundamentals, Molecular interpretation of internal energy, enthalpy and entropy, Heat of reaction, Kirchhoff'sequation, Crouton'srule, Entropy changesaccompanying differentprocesses,Nernstheat theorem,Third-law. Freeenergy: Dependence on pressure and temperature, Gibbs-Helmholtz equation, Free energy changes and equilibrium constant, Chemical potential, Fugacity, Thermodynamics of biochemical reactions.

### **Module IV**

Engineering materials: Industrial polymers-polymerization techniques, structure- property relationships,polymeradditives,polymerprocessing methods(extrusion,injection, compression, transfer and blow molding methods). Nanmaterials: definition, classification andapplications.

Nanmetalsandanon ceramics-examplesandproperties.

Lubricants:classification,functionsandproperties.Mechanicsoflubrication.

Refractoriness:classification andproperties.Portlandcement,limeandplasterofParis manufacture,settingandhardening.

Chemistryoftacticalfibers, full arenasandoregano electronicmaterials(introduction only).

TextBooks

1. PeterAtkins and Julio Paula Elements ofPhysicalChemistry,OxfordUniversity Press,2005

2. Shahs Chawla ATextBookofEngineeringChemistry(3rd eddo.). DhanpatRay & Co, NewDelhi,2003.

References

1. Atkins, P.W.PhysicalChemistry,Oxford UniversityPress,UK,1998

2. Bhavnagar, M.S.TextbookofPure&AppliedPhysicalChemistry,A.H.Wheeler&Co,New Delhi 1999.

3. Geoffrey Oozing, Andre ArsenaultNan chemistry: AChemicalApproach to Nan materials. RoyalSocietyofChemistry, U.K.2005.

### **TypeofQuestionsforUniversityExam.**

Q1.Eightshortanswerquestionsof5markswithtwoquestionsfromeachofthefourmodules.

Q2.toQ.5:TwoquestionsA&Bof15marksfromeachmoduleswithoptiontoanswereeitherA&B

## **104 ENGINEERING MECHANICS**

### **A)STATICS**

#### **MODULE I**

Concurrent forces in a plane: Principles of statics. Composition and resolution of forces.

Equilibrium of concurrent forces in a plane. Method of projection. Method of moments. Friction.

Parallel forces in a plane: Two parallel forces. General case of parallel forces in a plane. Centre of parallel forces and centre of gravity. Pappas theorems, centroids of composite figures and curves.

Distributed forces in a plane.

#### **MODULE II**

Properties of areas: Moment of inertia of a plane figure with respect to an axis in its plane. Polar moment of inertia. Product of inertia. Principal axes. Mass moment of inertia of material bodies.

General case of a curve in a plane: Composition of forces in a plane. Equilibrium of forces in a plane. Plane trusses - Method of joints. Method of sections. Plane frames: Method of members. Principle of virtual work:

Equilibrium of ideal systems, stable and unstable equilibrium.

### **B)DYNAMICS**

#### **MODULE III**

Rectilinear translation: Kinematics of rectilinear motion. Differential equation of rectilinear motion. Motion of a particle acted upon by a constant force, as a function of time and by a force proportional to displacement. Simple harmonic motion. D'Alembert's principle. Momentum and impulse. Work and energy, Ideal systems, conservation of energy. Impact.

#### **MODULE IV**

Curvilinear translation: Kinematics of curvilinear translation. Differential equations of motion. Motion of a projectile. D'Alembert's principle in curvilinear motion. Moment of momentum. Work and energy in curvilinear motion.

Rotation of a rigid body: Kinematics of rotation. Equation of motion of a rigid body rotating about a fixed axis. Rotation under the action of a constant moment. Compound pendulum. General case of moment proportional to the angle of rotation. D'Alembert's principle of rotation.

For in rotation. Principle of angular momentum in rotation. Energy question on rotating bodies.

### **REFERENCES**

1. Engineering Mechanics-Timoshenko and Young-McGraw Hill Book Company.
2. Mechanics for Engineers (Vol.1-Statics and Vol.2-Dynamics)-Beer F.P. & Johnstone E. R. -Tata McGraw Hill.
3. Engineering Mechanics (Vol.1-Statics and Vol.2-Dynamics)-Merriam H.L. & K rage G. John Wiley and Sons.
4. Engineering mechanics-Bijou N- Educational Publications-

#### **Type of Questions for University Exam.**

Q1: Eight short answer questions of 5 marks with two questions from each of the four modules.

Q2 to Q.5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A & B

## **105 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS**

### **MODULE I**

Introduction to engineering graphics. Drawing strumps and their use. Familiarization with current Indian Standard Code of Practice for general engineering drawing.

Scales - plain scale, vernier scale, diagonal scale.

Conic sections - Construction of ellipse, parabola, hyperbola - construction of cycloid, involute, archimedianspiral and logarithmic spiral - drawing tangents and normal's to these curves.

### **MODULE II**

Introduction to orthographic projections plane of projection - principles suffer string eland third angle projections, projection of points in different quadrants.

Orthographic projection of straight line parallel to one plane and inclined to other the plane - straight lines inclined to both the planes - true length and inclination of lines with reference planes - traces of lines.

Projection of plane laminate of geometrical shapes in oblique positions.

### **MODULE III**

Projection of polyhedral and solids of revolution - frustum, projection of solids with axis parallel to one plane and parallel eloper pendeclare to other plane - projection of solids with axis inclined to both the planes - projection of solids on auxiliary planes.

Section of solids by planes inclined to horizontal or vertical planes - true's hope of sections.

### **MODULE IV**

Development of surface of cubes, prisms, cylinders, pyramids and cones

Intersection of surfaces - methods of determining lines of intersection - intersection of prism in prism and cylinder.

### **MODULE V**

Introduction to isometric projection - isometric scales, isometric views - isometric projections of prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones and spheres.

Introduction to perspective projections: visual ray method and vanishing point method - Perspective of circles - perspective views of prisms and pyramids.

### **REFERENCES**

1. Engineering Graphic P.I. Varghese & K.C. John, JET Publishers
2. Elementary engineering drawing N.D. Bhatt, Charter publishing house
3. Geometric drawing, P.S. Gill, B.D. Katarina & sons Ludhiana
4. Engineering Graphics  
105  
**BASIC CIVIL & MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**  
**(A) CIVIL ENGINEERING**  
PI Varghese, VIP Publishers.  
grades of concrete as per IS code, water:cement ratio, workability, mixing, batching, placing, compaction and curing.

Construction: Foundation - types of foundations - isolated footing, combined footing, raft, pile & Well foundations,

### **MODULE II**

Superstructure : Brick masonry, English bond and Flemish bond, Stone masonry, Random rubble masonry. Roofing - Steel trusses, roofing for industrial buildings

Surveying: Principles, instruments, ranging and chaining of survey lines, errors in chaining, fieldwork, field book, selection of survey stations, reconnaissance,,

### **MODULE I**

Materials: Cement-varieties and grade of cement and its uses. Steel - types of steel for reinforcement members, steel structures. Brick-varieties and strength, tests on bricks. Aggregates - types & requirements of good aggregates. Concrete-

**Leveling:** Leveling instruments, different types, temporary adjustments, mean sea level, reduced level of point, booking offidle notes, and reduction of levels by height of collimation method.

:Renewal  
: Penman  
:N.K.R.Murthy  
: Roy Thomas-EducationalPublications:: :  
:Jha&sigh  
: TP Kantar  
: Husain

#### **REFERENCES**

1. Engineering materials
2. Building construction
3. A textbook of building construction
4. Fundamentals of civil Engineering-
5. A textbook of building construction
6. Surveying & Leveling
7. Surveying & Leveling

Type of Questions for University Exam.

Q1. Four short answer questions of 5 marks with two questions from each of the two modules.

Q2. to Q.3: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A & B.

## **(B) MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

### **MODULE III**

Thermodynamics: thermodynamics systems-open, closed and isolated systems, equilibrium state. Of a system, property' and state, process, cycle, work, Zero law of thermodynamics-concept of temperature, temperature scales. First law-internal energy, enthalpy. Second law-Kelvin-Plank and Clausius statements, Carnot Cycle.

Refrigeration and Air conditioning: Vapor compression and vapor absorption refrigeration systems, summer and winter Air conditioning, Comfort and industrial Air conditioning.

Elementary ideas of simple reaction and impulse turbines, compounding of turbines.

### **MODULE IV**

Internal Combustion Engines: working of two stroke and four stroke Petrol and Diesel engines, simple Carburetor, ignition system, fuel pump, fuel injector, cooling system, lubricating system. Transmission of Power: Belt drives (open and closed), chain drives.

Metal fabrication: Welding-Arc, gas, resistance welding, Welding effects, Soldering, Brazing

#### **Text Books & References:**

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1.Engineering Thermodynamics  | P.K.Nag  |
| 2.Engineering Thermodynamics  | D.B. Spalding & E.H. Cole                        |
| 3.Engineering Thermodynamics  | Van Wylen  |
| 5.Thermodynamics  | J.P. Holman                                      |
| 6.Elements of Internal Combustion Engines                           | Godowsky, Tata McGraw Hill Gill, Smith & Ziurys, |
| <b>Oxford &amp; BH Standard Data of Internal Combustion Engines</b> |  |
| 8. Refrigeration and Air Conditioning,                              |  |

#### **Type of Questions for University Exam.**

Q1. Four short answer questions of 5 marks with two questions from each of the two modules.

Q2. to Q.3: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A & B.

## **107 BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING & ELECTRONICS**

### **(A) ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**

#### **Module I**

Basic principles of Electric circuits: Review of Ohm's law - Definition of Resistance, current, voltage and power - Series and parallel circuits - constant voltage source and constant current source.

Network Theorems: Kirchhoff's laws - Network analysis by Maxwell's circulation currents Thevenin's theorem - Superposition theorem - Norton's theorem - Simple illustrative problems on network theorems.

Review of electrostatics - Coulomb's Law - Electric field strength and Electric flux density - capacitance.

#### **Module II**

Review of electromagnetic induction - Faraday's Law - Lenz's Law - mutually induced emf. Magnetic circuits - magnetic field of a coil - Ampere turns calculation - magnetic flux - flux density - field strength.

Measuring instruments: Working principle of galvanometer, Ammeter, Voltmeter, wattmeter & Energy meter.

AC fundamentals: Generation of alternating voltage and current - equations of sinusoidal voltage and current - waveform, cycle frequency, time period, amplitude, phase difference, rms value, average value, power factor & form factor. Vector diagram - addition and subtraction of vectors - sine waves in phase and out of phase. A C circuit: RC, RL, RLC circuits - series and parallel - current, voltage and power relationships. Poly phase circuits: vector representation phases sequence - star and delta connections.

### **(B) ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING**

#### **Module III**

Passive components: Resistor-Capacitor-Inductor - Color coding. Transformer - different types, construction.

Semiconductors: Energy band diagram - intrinsic & extrinsic semiconductors, doping - PN junction - Diodes, Zener diodes - Characteristics - Application of diodes. Rectifiers - Half wave, full wave and Bridge rectifiers - Ripple factor and regulation.

Transistors: - PNP and NPN transistors - theory of operation - Transistor configurations Characteristics - comparison.

Special semiconductor devices - PET - SCR - LED - LCD - V-I characteristics, applications. Module IV Fundamentals of instrumentation: Transducers - Definition - Classification - Active & passive - Transducer for position, pressure, velocity, vibration and temperature measurements.

CRO - principle of operation - measurement of amplitude, frequency and phase.

Fundamentals of Communication: Analog communication - concept of modulation, demodulation.

Types: AM - FM - PM - Block diagram of general communication system - Basic concepts of digital communication - Block diagram.

#### **Text Books**

1. Basic Electronics - Solid State - B.L. Theraja, S. Chand & Co.

2. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering - Leonard S. Bobrow, Oxford University Press.

#### **Further References:**

1. Electrical Technology: Edward Hughes, Addison Wesley Publication

2. Electronic Devices & Circuits: G.K. Methyl & Ravi Methyl, Khanna Publishers

#### **Type of Questions for University Exam.**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks with two questions from each of the four modules.

Q2. to Q.5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A & B.

## **108 COMPUTER PROGRAMMING**

### **ModuleI**

Introduction to programming in C: Fundamental data types- integer, floating point, and enumerated data types, Expressions- arithmetic, relational and logic operators, Type conversion- simple and compound statement, Access to standard library, standard I/O- getchar, putchar, Formatted I/O, scanf, printf, error handling, line input and output, control structures, selection statement, IF, SWITCH, WHILE, DO WHILE, FOR, BREAK, CONTINUE, GOTO, RETURN statements.

### **ModuleII**

Functions: Declarations and functions, parameter passing mechanism, storage classes-scope, visibility, and life time of variables, AUTO, EXTERN, STATIC and REGISTER modifiers, Recursion.

### **ModuleIII**

Arrays: Single and multidimensional arrays, sorting, selection sort, search-linear search and binary search, Structures and union.

### **ModuleIV**

Pointers: Pointers and addresses, pointer arrays function returning pointers, pointers to function, pointer arithmetic, pointers to structures, array of structures, preprocess directive, command line arguments, typed.

#### **Text Book & References:**

1. Computer Fundamentals & Programming in C: Pradeep Dey & Manas Ghosh (OXFORD)
2. Computer Fundamentals : Dr. Varghese Paul (EPD)
3. Programming in C : B.S. Gottfried (Schaum series, TMH)

#### **Type of Questions for University Exam.**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks with two questions from each of the four modules.  
Q2. to Q.5: Two questions A&B of 15 marks from each module with option to ans were either A&

## **109TECHNICALCOMMUNICATIONANDSOCIALSCIENCES**

(Module IV Environmental Studies: 1 hour per week)

Other modules: 2 hours per week)

### **PART-A TECHNICAL COMMUNICATION**

#### **Module I** (25 hours)

Oral Communication: starting and ending a conversation; telling and asking people to do things; expressing opinions and ideas, decisions and intentions, offers and invitations, feelings, right and wrong, numbers and money.

Purpose and audience; dealing with customers and clients; face-to-face discussions; meetings and attending meetings; checking understanding; raising questions; giving and receiving feedback; using body language; leading and directing discussions; concluding discussions; using graphics in oral presentations

Reading Comprehension and reference skills: skimming and scanning; factual and inferential comprehension; prediction; guessing meaning of words from context; word reference; comprehending graphics in technical writing.

Reading strategies; reading speed; reading between the lines for hidden meaning; interpreting graphics; using a dictionary; using an index; using a contents list to find information; choosing the right reference source.

#### **Module II** (20 hours)

Written Communication: note making and notetaking; summarizing; notes and memos; developing notes into text; organization of ideas: cohesion and coherence; paragraph writing; ordering information in space and time; shonesays: description and argument; comparison and contrast; illustration; using graphics in writing; tables and charts; Diagrams and flow-charts; maps, plans and graphs.

Spelling rules and tips; writing a rough draft; editing and proofreading; writing the final draft; styling text; filling in complex forms; standard letters; CV; writing a report; writing leaflets and brochures; writing references; essay writing:

Expository writing; description of processes and products; classification; the instructional Process; arguments and presentation of arguments; narrating events chronologically.

### **PART-B SOCIAL SCIENCES**

#### **Module III** (15 hours)

Science, Technology and Ethics

Impact of science and technology on the development of modern civilization. The philosophy of modern science, scientific determinism - uncertainty principle. Relevance of scientific temper. Science and religion. Science and technology in developing nations. Technological advances of modern India. Intermediate and appropriate technology. Development of technical education in India.

Senses of Engineering Ethics - Variety of moral issues - Types of inquiry - Moral dilemmas - Moral autonomy Kohlberg's theory - Gilligan's theory - Consensus and Controversy -

Professional ideal sand virtues - Attributes of an ethical personality - Theories about right action - Self interest.

Responsibilities and Rights of engineers - Collegiality and Loyalty - Respect for authority - Collective bargaining - Confidentiality - Conflicts of interest - Professional rights.

## **ModuleIV**

EnvironmentalStudies:(30hours)

Naturalresources- issuesrelatedtotheuseandoverexploitationofforestresources,water resources,mineralresources,foodresourcesandenergy resources- roleofanindividualin conservationofnaturalresources-equitableuseofresourcesforsustainable life styles.

Conceptofanecosystem –structureand function-energyflow intheecosystem- ecological succession-foodchains,foodwebsandecologicalpyramids-structureandfunctionsofforest ecosystemandaquaticecosystem.

Definitionofbiodiversity -genetic,speciesandecosystem diversity-  
biogeographicallyclassificationofIndia

Valueofbiodiversityonsumptiveuse,product inverse,social, ethical,aestheticandoptionvalues.

Causes,effectsandcontrolmeasuresof airpollution,waterpollution,soilpollution,noise pollution, marine pollution, thermal pollution and nuclear hazards - Causes, effects and controlmeasuresurbanandindustrialsolidwastes-Roleofanindividual inpreventionof pollution-

An overviewofthevariousenvironmentallegislationsinIndia-

Issuesinvolvedinenforcementofenvironmentallegislation.

Theconceptofsustainabledevelopment-Urbanproblems related toenergy-Water conservation, rain water harvesting, water shed management -Resettlement and rehabilitation ofpeople; its problems and concerns -Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone

layerdepletion,nuclearaccidentsandholocaust-Populationgrowthandproblemsof populationexplosion-Environmentalethics:issuesandpossiblesolutions..

### **TextBooks:**

MeenakshiRaman andSangeeta Shanna:TechnicalCommunication: Principlesand Pratics  
OxfordUniversityPress,2004

Rajagoalie.R: EnvironmentalStudies:FromCrisis to Cure,Oxford UniversityPress,2005

JayashreeSuresh and B.S. Raghavan : ProfessionalEthics,S.Chan&Company  
WCDampier Ltd, 2005. History of Science, Cambridge UniversityPress.

AdrianDoff &ChristopherJones, : References:  
LanguageinUseUpperintermediate,self-study workbook&classroombook,Cambridge UniversityPress2000

KrishnaMohan&MeenakshiRaman, : Effective English Communication, Tata Mc- GrawHiII,2000.

EdmundD.Seebaur&RobertL.Barry : Fundamentals of Ethics for Scientists and Engineers,OxfordUniversityPress,2001

KrishnaMohan&MeeraBanerji, : Developing Communication Skills MacMillan IndiaLtd,2000.

RajendraPal&JSKoriahalli

SarahFreeman,  
Meenambal T,UmaRMandKMuraU

Essentials of business communication, S.Chand & Company Ltd  
Study Strategies, Orient Longman, 1978.  
Principles of Environmental Science and Engineering, S.Chand & Company Ltd, 2005

### **University Examination pattern**

The question paper will have two parts.

Part A(Technical Communication) will cover Modules I, II and will have a weightage of 50 marks.

Part B(Social Sciences)

will cover

Module III and Module IV(Environmental Studies) and will have a weightage of 50 marks. Part A and Part B will have to be answered in separate answer books.

#### **Part A**

##### **University examination pattern**

QI-4 short type questions of 5 marks, 2 each from module I and II

QII-2 questions A and B of 15 marks from module I with choice to answer anyone QIII-2 questions A and B of 15 marks from module II with choice, to answer anyone

#### **Part B**

##### **University examination pattern**

QI-5 short type questions of 4 marks, 2 from module III and 3 from module IV

QII-2 questions A and B of 10 marks from module III with choice to answer anyone

QIII-2 questions A and B of 20 marks from module IV with choice to answer anyone.

## **110 COMPUTER PROGRAMMING LABORATORY**

1. Study of basic commands. General introduction to application packages
2. Programming using control structures & pointers.
3. Searching & sorting
4. Creation and use of databases in SQL table database package
5. Programming exercises in C.

Note: 50% marks is earmarked for continuous evaluation, and 50% marks for end semester examination to be assessed by two examiners. A candidate shall secure a minimum of 50% marks separately for the two components to be eligible for a pass in that subject.

## **111 ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL WORKSHOPS**

### **ELECTRICAL WORKSHOP**

1. One lamp controlled by one switch.
2. Series and parallel connections of lamps.
3. Staircase wiring.
4. Hospital Wiring.
5. Godown wiring.
6. Fluorescent lamp.
7. Connection of plug socket.
8. Different kinds of joints.
9. Transformer winding.
10. Soled ring practice.
11. Familiarization of CRO.

### **MECHANICAL WORKSHOP**

- 1) Fitting Shop.
- 2) Sheet Metal Shop
- 3) Foundry Shop
- 4) Welding Shop
- 5) Carpentry Shop (Preliminary exercises for beginners in all shops. Specific models may be designed by the teachers.)

Introduction to the use of concrete mix.

Note: 50% marks is earmarked for continuous evaluation, and 50% marks for end semester examination to be assessed by two examiners. A candidate shall secure a minimum of 50 % marks separately for the two components to be eligible for a pass in that subject.

## **301ENGINEERING MATHEMATICSII**

### **MODULE 1**

Matrices and Vectorspaces: Rank of matrix, Echelon and normal form, Solutions of linear systems of algebraic equations, Eigen values and Eigen vectors, Cayley Hamilton theorem (nonproof). Vector Spaces-Subspaces, -Linear Independence of vectors-Linear span-Dimension and Basis. Linear transformations.

### **MODULE II**

Fourier series and Fourier integrals: Fourier series of Periodic functions- Euler formulae for Fourier coefficients-function range expansions, Fourier integral, Fourier cosine and sine transformations, linearity property, transform of derivatives, convolution theorem (no proof)

### **MODULE III**

Laplace transforms: Linearity property, transforms of elementary functions, Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals, differentiation and integration of transforms, convolution theorem (no proof) use of Laplace transforms in the solution of initial value problems, unit step function, impulse function-transform of step functions, transforms of periodic functions.

### **MODULE IV**

Vector calculus: Scalar and Vector point functions-Gradient and directional derivative of a scalar point function- Divergence and Curl of a vector point functions-their physical meanings. Evaluation of line integral, surface integral and volume integrals, Gauss's divergence theorem, Stokes' theorem (No Proof of these theorems), conservative force fields, scalar potential.

### **TEXTBOOKS REFERENCE**

Advanced engineering mathematics: R.K.Jain, S.R.K.Iyengar, Narosa Publishers.

Advanced engineering mathematics: C.R.Wylie & L.C.Barrett, Mgh

Mathematical techniques for engineers: Larry C Andrews, Ronald C Philips, Phi & scientists Publishers

Advanced engineering mathematics: M.C.Potter, J.L.Goldberg Oxford University Press

Higher engineering mathematics: B.S.Grewal, Khanna Publishers

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

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Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **302CHEMICAL ENGINEERING I**

### **Module I**

#### **Material balance**

Introduction to chemical engineering, basic chemical calculations-mole concept, methods of expressing composition-mole fraction, weight fraction, volume fraction, concentration of liquid solutions-molarity, modality, normality, ppm. Ideal gases and gas mixtures-ideal gas law, Amiga's law, Dalton's law, Henry's law, average molecular weight, density of gases, partial pressure and partial volume calculations. Material balance in evolving chemical reactions and not involving chemical reactions, simple calculations involving cycle, by passes and purge streams.

### **Module II** Energy

#### **Energy balance**

Energy balance-heat capacity, specific heat and enthalpy, heat capacity of gases at constant pressure, heat Capacity of gaseous mixtures, latent heats, enthalpy changes accompanying chemical reactions standard heat of formation and standard heat of combustion, standard heat of reaction.

### **Module III**

#### **Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics**

Chemical thermodynamics, fundamental concepts and definitions-types of thermodynamics systems and properties-closed, open and isolated system-intensive and extensive properties-path and state functions, first law of thermodynamics, second law of thermodynamics, entropy, change in entropy, Maxwell relations, heat capacity in terms of entropy, equation of state of gases, the principle of corresponding states, compression and expansion of liquids-Joule Thomas on expansion. Gibbs free energy change, equilibrium constant, effect of temperature on equilibrium constant.

### **Module IV**

#### **Mechanical operations**

Solids: Properties of solids, methods of size analysis-differential and cumulative, screening, screening equipment, effectiveness of screens. Size reduction of solids, types of equipment-jaw crushers, gyratory crushers, hammer mills, ball mill, power requirement, laws of crushing. Handling of solids-principle of operation of belt conveyors, bucket elevators and pneumatic conveyors.

Fluids: Flow of solid through fluids-maximum settling velocity. Sedimentation-Laboratory batch sedimentation, calculation of area and depth for continuous thickeners. Principle of centrifugal separation.

Filtration: equipments for filtration-plate and frame filter press, rotary drum filter, constant pressure and constant rate filtration, filter media, filter aids.

#### **Text books: References:**

1. W.L. McCabe, J.C. Smith & Peter Harriott, Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering, McGraw-Hill
2. K.V. Narayanan, Stoichiometry and Process Calculations, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
1. W.L. Badger & J.T. Banchero, Introduction to Chemical Engineering, Tata McGraw-Hill
2. K.V. Narayanan, A Text Book of Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics, Prentice Hall India Pvt Ltd.
3. Christe J. Geankoplis, Transport Process and Unit Operations, Prentice Hall India Pvt Ltd.

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **303FLUIDMECHANICSANDFLUIDFLOWMACHINES**

### **Module I**

Scope of fluid mechanics- Dimensions and units- Definition of fluid- Fluid properties-density, specific weight, pressure, viscosity, surface tension and capillarity, compressibility- Rheological Classification.

Fluid Statics - Pressure at a point - Basic equation of fluid statics - Hydrostatic equations for incompressible and compressible fluids-Hydrostatic force on a submerged plane and curved surfaces-Buoyancy and equilibrium of floating bodies-Absolute and gauge pressure-Pressure measurement by manometers and pressure gauges.

### **Module II**

Fluid Kinematics and Fluid Dynamics-continuum Lagrange and Eulerian approaches  
Classification of fluid motions- pathline, stream line, streak line, stream tube, one, two and three dimensional flow, velocity field - acceleration of fluid particle in a velocity field-Continuity equation (one and three dimensional differential forms)-equation of streamline-stream function-velocity potential function- circulation- flownet- fluid dynamics- equations of motion- Euler's equation along a streamline- Bernoulli's equation- applications- venture meter, orifice meter, pitot tube.  
Dimensional analysis-Buckingham's Pi theorem-applications-similarity laws and models.

### **Module III**

Incompressible Fluid Flow-Viscous flow-Navier-Stokes' equation (statement only)- Shear stress, pressure gradient relationship - laminar flow between parallel plates-Laminar flow through circular tubes (Hagen-Poiseuille's)- Hydraulic and energy gradient-flow through pipes-Darcy-Weisbach equation-pipe roughness-friction factor-Moody's diagram-minor losses-flow through pipes in series and in parallel-power transmission.

Boundary layer flows, boundary layer thickness, boundary layer separation - drag and lift coefficients.

### **Module IV**

Fluid machines: definition and classification-exchange of energy- Euler's equation for turbo machines-head and specific work-components of energy transfer-degree of reaction.

Hydro turbines: definition and classification-Francis turbine-Kaplan turbine- working principle - work done-specific speed-efficiency-performance curve for turbines.

Pumps: definition and classification-Centrifugal pump : working principle, velocity triangles, specific speed, efficiency and performance curves-Reciprocating pumps: working principle, Indicator diagram and performance curves-cavitations in pumps-Rotary pumps: working principle of gear and vane pumps.

### **Text Books References**

1. Kumar, K.L. Engineering Fluid Mechanics, Eurasia Publishing House (P) Ltd, New Delhi (7<sup>th</sup> edition) 1995.
2. Vasandani V.P. Hydraulic Machines-Theory and Design, Khanna Publishers 1992
3. Streeter V.L. and Wylie E.B. Fluid Mechanics McGraw Hill 1983.
2. Edward J. Shaughnessy Jr. Ira M. Katz and James P. Schaffer. Introduction to Fluid Mechanics Oxford University Press 2005.
3. Jagdish Lal Hydraulic Machines Metropolitan Book Co Delhi
4. Som and Biswas Introduction to Fluid Mechanics and Machinery Tata McGraw Hill

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules.  
Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **304MANUFACTURINGPROCESSES**

### **ModuleI**

EngineeringMaterials:-ClassificationProperties-mechanicalthermalchemicalandtechnological. IronandSteel-ProcesesandClassifications.Non-ferrousmetals, processes, propertiesand use.Heat treatment ofsteels- purpose andmethods.Processes-annealing, normalising,hardening,temping.

### **ModuleII**

Welding :-Introduction, weldabilityTypes of welding, Gaswelding, Arcwelding - submergedarc, TIG, MIG.Resistancewelding,Solidstatewelding,Electronbeamwelding,Laserbeamwelding.Oxygencutting. Heataffectedzones,Weldefects,Inspectionofweldedjoints.

### **ModuleIII**

Metal Casting:- Pattern- pattern materials, types of patterns, pattern allowance, Moulding sands-propertiesandclassification.CoreandcoresandMouldingprocess. Specialcasting methods-die casting, centrifugal casting, investment casting, slush casting. Casting defects andinspection.

### **ModuleIV**

MetalForming:-Mechanicalworking ofmetals. Hotworking, cold working. Methodsand process ofrolling,forgingandextrusion.  
Machining:- Metal cutting, Orthogonal and Oblique cutting, Cutting tool materials. Classificationofmachine tools- lathe, shaper,millingmachine, drillingmachineand Grindingmachine.Advancedmachiningmethods-ECM,EDM,USM,AJM.

### **TextBooks: Reference**

- 1) S.KalpakjianandS.R.SchmidManufacturing Engineering and Technology,Pearson EducationAsia
- 2)P.C.Sharma,ATextBookofProductionTechnology,S.Chand&Co,NewDelhi.
- 1)WeldingHandbook-Vol.ItoV: AmericanWeldingSociety.
- 2)HeinLopperandRosenthal,PrinciplesofMetalCasting
- 3)Chapman, WorkshopTechnologyVol.I,II,III

### **TypeofQuestionsforUniversityExamination**

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Q1.Eightshortanswer questions of 5marks eachwithtwoquestionsfromeach of thefourmodules.  
Q2toQ5: TwoquestionsA&Bof 15marks fromeachmodulewithoptiontoanswer eitherAor B.

## **305 ELEMENTS OF MACHINED DRAWING**

### **Module I**

Limits, fits & tolerances: IS 919 code, cylindrical fits, tolerances, moles, standard preferred sizes and fit hole based dimensioning, zymology for form, location and runout, tolerance ranking for position, concentricity, location, roundness, perpendicularity and runout.

(2 sheets).

### **Module II**

Drawings of joints: Welded joints, types, welding symbols, drawing of welded machine parts with details of welding.

Brackets, blocks, base plate and crankshaft.

Pipe joints: Coupler joints, nipple joints, union, socket and spigot, integral flanged joints and hydraulic joints.

(6 sheets)

### **Module III**

Screwed fastenings : Screw thread forms, vee and square threads, conventional representation of threads, hexagonal headed bolt and nut, square headed bolt, nut locking arrangements, various types of machine screws and setscrews, foundation bolts, lock bolt with square plate, ray bolt and Lewis foundation bolt. (3 sheets)

Cotter and Pin joints: socket and spigot joints, gab and cotter joint force angular rods, sleeve and cotter joints, knuckle joint. (3 sheets)

### **Textbooks: References**

- 1) N.D.Bhatt : Machine Drawing, Charter Publishing House, Anand
- 2) P.I.Varghese & K.C.John: Machine Drawing:
- 3) P.S.Gill : Geometric Drawing, Kataria & Sons, Ludhiana
- 4) Parkinson : First year engineering Drawing, Pitman, London
- 5) K.R.Hert : Engineering Drawing with problems and solutions, ELBS

## **306 PRINCIPLES OF SAFETY MANAGEMENT**

### **Module I**

Introduction-Safety—Goals of safety engineering. Need for safety. Safety and productivity Definitions: Accident, Injury, Unsafe act, Unsafe Condition, Dangerous Occurrence, Reportable accidents. History of safety movement. Theories of accident causation Safety organization- objectives, types, functions, Role of management, supervisors, workmen, unions, government and voluntary agencies in safety. Safety policy. Safety Officer-responsibilities, authority. Safety committee-need, types, advantages

### **Module II**

Accident prevention Methods- Engineering, Education and Enforcement. Safety Education & Training- Importance, Various training methods, Effectiveness of training, Behavior oriented training. Communication- purpose, barrier to communication. Housekeeping: Responsibility of management and employees. Advantages of good housekeeping. 5s of housekeeping. Work permits system-objectives, hot work and cold work permits. Typical industrial models and methodology. Entry into confined spaces.

### **Module III**

Monitoring Safety Performance: Frequency rate, severity rate, incidence rate, activity rate. Cost of accidents- Computation of Costs- Utility of Cost data. Plant safety inspection types, inspection procedure. Safety sampling techniques. Job safety analysis (JSA), Safety surveys, Safety audits. Safety Inventory Technique.

### **Module IV**

Accident investigation- Why? When? Where? Who? & How?. Basics- Man-Environment & Systems. Process of Investigation- Tools- Data Collection- Handling witnesses- Case study. Accident analysis- Analytical Techniques- System Safety- Change Analysis- MORT- Multi Events Sequencing- TOR.

### **Text Books: Reference:**

- 1) N.V. Krishnan, Safety Management in Industry, Jaico Publishing House, 1997
  - 2) Ronald P. Blake, Industrial Safety:, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1973
  - 3) David L. Goetsch Occupational Safety and health Prentice Hall
  - 4) Ted S. Ferry, Modern Accident Investigation and Analysis, John Wiley & Sons.
- 
- 1) Willie Hammer, Occupational Safety Management and Engineering, Prentice Hall
  - 2) Alan Waring, Safety Management System, Chapman & Hall
  - 3) John V. Grimaldi and Rollin H. Simonds Safety Management, All India Traveler Book Seller, Delhi.
  - 4) Accident Prevention Manual for Industrial Operations: National Safety Council, Chicago

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules.  
Q2 to Q5 : Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **307MACHINESHOP**

Introduction to Lathe: Spindle drive -work holding devices -types of Lathe tools -tool holders-tool movement-selection of speeds.Feed and depth of cut-use of cutting coolants  
-Principle of thread cutting -V-thread and Square thread -thread standards-cutting tool  
Types -grinding of tools-selection of cutting speeds.Exercises: Exercises involving cylindrical turning, Taper, Turning, Facing, Shoulder turning and curve turning -thread cutting.

Introduction to machine tools like horizontal milling machines, vertical milling machines, slotting and shaping machines, workholding devices-spindle drives-milling cutters-gear milling-surface slot milling-indexing head-simple and differential indexing-grinding wheel-specification and selection-drilling and reaming-capstan and turret lathes-ideas of tool layout.  
Exercise : Exercises on lathe-curve turning ,multistar thread,drilling and boring,internal thread.  
Exercises on milling machines - surface milling and slot and keyway milling, straddle milling,machining of spur and helical gears.

Exercise son-Shaper and slotting-machining of plane and bevel surfaces-keyway and slot machining, exercises on drilling and reaming,surface grinding and tool grinding.

### References:

- 1) Production technology :HMT
- 2) Tool Engineer's handbook : ASTME
- 3) Burghardt,Axller ed and Anderson,Machine tool operations 1&2
- 4) B.L. Boguslavsky, Automatic and semi-automatic lathes, Pease publications.
- 5) Fundamentals of tool design : ASTME

Note: 50% marks is earmarked for continuous evaluation, and 50% marks for end semester examination to be assessed by two examiners. A candidate shall secure a minimum of 50% marks separately for the two components to be eligible for a pass in that subject.

## **308FLUID MECHANICS AND MACHINERY LAB**

Study of pipe fittings and study of devices used for measurement of pressure, velocity, rate of flow, Metacentric height and radius of gyration of floating bodies.

Experimental verification of Bernoulli's theorem.

Steady flow through pipes -determination of friction factor and Reynolds' s number.

Determination of the loss coefficients for pipe fittings.

Hydraulic coefficients of mouthpieces,nozzles and orifices.

Calibration of Venturimeters, orificemeters,nozzle and bend meters. Force due to impact of jets on vanes.

Performance characteristics of centrifugal pumps at constant speed.

Constant head characteristics of Francis turbine.

Performance of hydraulic ram.

**Note:** 50% marks is earmarked for continuous evaluation, and 50% marks for end semester examination to be assessed by two examiners. A candidate shall secure minimum of 50% marks separately for the two components to be eligible for a pass in that subject.

## **401ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS1II MODULE1**

Complex Analytic functions and conformal mapping: curves and regions in the complex plane, complex functions, limit, and derivative, analytic function, Cauchy-Riemann equations, Elementary complex functions such as powers, exponential function, logarithmic, trigonometric and hyperbolic functions.

Conformal mapping: Linear fractional transformations, mapping by elementary function like  $Z^2, e^z, \sin z, \cos z, \sin z, \text{ and } \operatorname{Cos} hz, Z+1/Z$

### **Module II**

Complex integration: Line integral, Cauchy's integral theorem, Cauchy's integral formula, Taylor's series, Laurent's series, residue theorem, evaluation of real integrals using integration around unit circle, around the semi circle, integrating contours having poles, on there Alexis.

### **Module III**

Partial differential equations:

Formulation of partial differential equations.

Solutions of equations of the form  $F(p,q)=0, F(x,p,q)=0, F(y,p,q)=0, F(z,p,q)=0$ ,  $F_1(x,p)=F_2(y,q)$ , Lagrange's form  $Pp+Qq=R$

Linear homogeneous partial differential equations with constant co-efficient

### **Module IV**

Vibrating string: one dimensional wave equation, D'Alembert's solution, solution by the method of separation of variables.

One dimensional heat equation, solution of the equation by the method of separation of variables, Solutions of Laplace's equation over rectangular region and a circular region by the method of separation of variables.

### **TEXTBOOKS**

Advanced engineering mathematics: R.K.Jain, S.R.K.Iyengar, Narosa Publishers.

Advanced engineering mathematics: C.R.Wylie & L.C.Barrett, Mgh

### **REFERENCES**

Advanced Engineering Mathematics Erwin Kreyszig, Wilsey Eastern  
Complex Variables & Applications Churchill R.V..Mgh Publishers.

Advanced engineering mathematics M.C.Potter, J.L.Goldberg Oxford University Press

Higher engineering mathematics: B.S.Grewal, Khanna Publishers

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5 : Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **402CHEMICALENGINEERINGII**

### **ModuleI**

#### **Heattransfer**

Heat transfer by conduction, steady state conduction, Fourier's law, heat transfer coefficient, heat exchangers - shell and tube heat exchanger and double pipe heat exchanger, LMTD, individual heat transfer coefficient, overall heat transfer coefficient, heat transfer by convection-natural convection, forced convection in laminar and turbulent flow (elementary ideas). Radiation heat transfer-laws of radiation. Evaporators - heat transfer in evaporators, single effect evaporator calculations, types of evaporators

### **ModuleII**

#### **Masstransfer**

Principles of mass transfer, Fick's law of molecular diffusion, diffusion in solids and liquids. Distillation - relative volatility, simple distillation, steam distillation, distillation with reflux, principle of isotropic and extractive distillation McCabe Thiele method of calculation of number of theoretical stages, total, minimum and optimum flux.

Absorption, equilibrium solubility of gases in liquids, plate and packed columns, packing materials.

### **ModuleIII**

#### **sstransfer**

Introduction to drying-equilibrium moisture and free moisture, critical moisture content, bound and unbound water, rate of drying curves, drying equipments-tray dryers, tower dryers, rotary dryers, fluid-bed dryers, spray dryers.

Principle of liquid-liquid extraction, liquid-liquid equilibrium, equipment for liquid extraction - mixer

Settlers, spray towers, Bollmann extractor. Solid-liquid extraction-simple leaching, major equipments for solid-liquid extraction

### **ModuleIV**

#### **Chemical reaction engineering**

Classification of reactions, variables affecting rate of reaction, definition of reaction rate. Kinetics of homogeneous reactions-concentration dependent term of rate equation, temperature dependent term of rate equation, theories of reaction-collision theory, transition theory, Arrhenius equation. Interpretation of rate data in constant volume batch reactors. Ideal reactors-the concept of ideality, design expressions for batch, tubular and stirred tank reactors. Elementary ideas about ideal reactor performance, residence time distribution.

### **Text books**

1. W.L. McCabe, J.C. Smith & Peter Harriott, Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering, McGraw-Hill Book Co,
2. O. Levenspiel, Chemical Reaction Engineering, John Wiley & Sons,

### **Reference books**

1. W.L. Badger & J.T. Banchero, Introduction to Chemical Engineering, Tata McGraw-Hill
2. Robert E. Treybal, Mass Transfer Operations, McGraw Hill
3. Christe J. Geankoplis, Transport Process and Unit Operations, Prentice Hall India Pvt Ltd.
4. Lanny D. Schmidt, The Engineering of Chemical Reactions, Oxford University Press, 2005.

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules.

Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **403STRENGTHOFMATERIALS**

### **MODULE I:**

Simple Stress and Strain and Principal Stresses

Axial and shear stresses and strains - elasticity, Hook's law - Factor of safety, Stepped bars, Bars of uniformly varying cross-sections - Lateral Strain - Poisson's ratio - Volumetric strain - elastic constants and their relationships - stresses in composite bars due to axial loading and temperature. Strain energy due to axial load - stresses due to impact and suddenly applied loads.

State of stress at a point - Normal and tangential stresses on a given plane - Principal stresses and their planes, plane of maximum shear - Mohr's circle of stresses.

### **MODULE II:**

Shear Force and Bending Moment

Relationship connecting intensity of loading, shearing force and bending moment; Shear force and bending moment diagrams for cantilever, simply supported and overhanging beam subjected to concentrated load and UDL - maximum bending moment and point of contraflexure.

Theory of simple bending - assumptions and limitations - Derivation of bending formula and its applications to engineering problems

### **MODULE III:**

Deflection of Beams and Thin and thick walled structures

Differential equation of the elastic curve. Slope and deflection of beams by method of successive integration, McCausley's method.

Hoop and longitudinal stresses in the walled cylindrical and spherical shells subjected to internal pressure - Changes in dimension and volume; Thick Cylinders - Lame's equations, shrink fit, compound cylinders, wire wound cylinders.

### **MODULE IV:**

Torsion and Columns

Theory of torsion and assumptions - Torsion of solid and hollow circular shafts - Power transmission, strength and stiffness of shafts. Close and open coiled helical springs.

Theory of columns - buckling and stability, buckling of long columns, Euler's Formula, Long columns with different support conditions.

### **Textbook:**

1. Gere, M.J. "Mechanics of Materials", Thomson Learning.
2. Subramanian, R. "Strength of Materials", Oxford University Press, 2005.

### **References:**

1. Popov, E.P., "Analysis of Structures," Khairna Publishers, 1985.
2. Vazirani, V. Nand Ratwani, MM, " Mechanics of Materials ", Prentice Hall, 1982.
3. Ramamurtham, S., "Strength of Materials", Dhanpat Rai & Sons, 1974.

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

# **404 FIRE ENGINEERING-I**

## **MODULE-I**

Introduction- temperature, heat, specific heat, flash point, fire point, ignition, combustion; Ignition- pilot ignition, spontaneous ignition, ignition sources; Types of combustion-rapid, spontaneous, explosion; Product of combustion-flame, heat, smoke, fire gases Development of fire-incipient, smoldering, flame and heat stages; Diffusion flames-zones of combustion, shouldering combustion, characteristics of diffusion flame; Premixed flames-burning velocity, limits of flammability, explosion and expansion ratios, deflagration and detonation, characteristics of premixed flame; Explosion- physical explosion, chemical explosion; Special kinds of combustion-Flash fire, Pool fire, Deep seated fire, Spoil fire, Boil over, Slop over, Dust explosion, BLEVE, UVCE; Classification of fire based on material.

## **MODULE-II**

Spread of flames in solids and liquids, linear and three dimensional fire propagation; Smoke - constituents of smoke, quantity and rate of production of smoke, quality of smoke, smoke density, visibility in smoke, principles of spreading quantity of smoke, smoke movement; Pressurization modeling of smoke movement; Toxicity of smoke- effect of harmful agents preventing escape and causing injury or death- CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, Nitrogen oxide, Sulphur dioxide.

## **MODULE III**

Use and maintenance of fire service equipment-Hydrants and stand pipes, Hose reels-hose fittings- coupling, Branches, Branch holders, Radial branches, Monitors, Nozzles, Collecting heads, suction, hose fittings, adopters and ramps. Introduction to fire fighting vehicles and appliances:- Pumps, primers. Crash tenders, rescue tenders, hydraulic platforms, turntable ladders, hose laying tenders, control vans, fireboats. Ladders-features of extension ladders, wheel escape, hook ladder, turn-table, Snorkel, safety devices, uses and maintenance. Small gear and miscellanea used in equipment's-General purpose tools and equipment, Lamps and lighting sets. Ropes and Lines-Types-wire and rope lines used in fire service. Use and testing of lines, knots, bends and hitches, General ropework.

## **MODULE IV**

Fire hydraulics: Briefed planet stream, pressure loss gain because of elevation, static flow and hydraulic pressures, suction, drafting, friction loss. Advantages of multiple lines. Discharge capacities of nozzles on hoses. Nozzle reaction. Pressure differential fire ground hydraulics:- method of determining flow and direction loss; standard nozzle pressures; GPM method Application of GPM method for hand lines, multiple hose lines, master stream appliances, stand pipes and appliances, conversion of various hose sizes, small lines, unequal discharge pressure, back pressure, unequal hose diameters.

### **Text Books**

1. Ron Hirst, "Underdowns Practical Fire Precautions", Gower Publishing Company Ltd., England, 1989.
2. HMSO, "Manual of Firemanship 1 to 13",
3. Jain V.K., "Fire Safety in Buildings", New Age International (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 1996
4. James F Cassey, "Fire Service Hydraulics",

### **Reference Books**

1. Gupta R.S. "A Hand Book of Fire Technology".
2. Kevin Cassidy, "Fire Safety and Loss Prevention".
3. NFPA, "Fire Protection Hand Book".
4. NSC, "Accident Prevention Manual for Industrial Operation".
5. Panchdhari A.C., "Management of Fire".

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules.  
 Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **40405 ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY AND SAFETY IN ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS**

### **Module I**

Construction and Principle of operation of the machines - e.m.f. equation of generator - use of interpoles - characteristics of shunt, series and compound generators - starting and speed control - losses and efficiency.

Construction and Principle of operation of single phase transformers - e.m.f. equation - phase diagrams - equivalent circuit - regulation - losses and efficiency.

Protective relays - Requirement of relay - types of protection - classification - distance relay, differential relay, statu relays.

### **Module II**

Synchronous machines - types - e.m.f. equation - winding factors - armature reaction and leakage resistance. Synchronous motor - methods of starting - applications.

Induction Motors - Construction and principle of operation - equivalent circuit - Torque - slip characteristics - method of starting - applications.

Circuit breakers - function of switchgear - arc phenomenon - initialization of an arc - arc interruption - recovery voltage and restriking voltage - MCB and ELCB. Faults in power systems - causes - types.

### **Module III**

Fuses - types - selection - advantages and disadvantages.

Grounding - neutral grounding - solid grounding - resistance grounding - arc suppression coil grounding.

Equipment grounding for safety - grounding substation - grounding of line structure. Earthing

Effect of electric and magnetic fields - Human safety aspects - effect of current and voltage on human beings - typical V-I characteristics of skin - Electric shocks and their prevention.

Insulation - classes of insulation - FRL simulation - continuity test.

### **Module IV**

Safety during installation of plant and equipment. Safe sequences in installation - risk during installation.

Safety during testing and commissioning. Test on relays - protection and interlock systems for safety.

Hazardous zones - classification of hazardous zones. Intrinsically safe and explosion proof electrical apparatus. Selection of equipments in hazard subarea.

Electrical fires - hazards of static electricity. Safe procedures for electrical maintenance - Statutory requirements. Safety provisions in Indian Electricity Act & Rules.

### **Text Books**

1. H. Cotton: Electrical Technology, Wheeler Publishing Company, 1983.
2. Swan. H. W: Electrical Safety

### **Reference Books**

1. S.L. Uppal: A Textbook of Electrical Engineering, Khanna Publishers, Delhi..
2. NSC, Chicago: Accident Prevention Manual for Industrial Operations
3. M.G. Say: Electrical Earthing and Accident Prevention
4. S. Rao, and H. L. Saluja: Electrical Safety, Fire Engineering and Safety Management, Khanna Publishers, Delhi.
5. Indian Electricity Act & Rules.

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules.

Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **406 FIRSTAIDAND EMERGENCYPROCEDURES**

### **ModuleI**

AimsandObjectives. FirstAidprinciples–Roleofthefirstaider-sequenceoffactiononarrival at scene. Vitalsigns-breathing -pulse. Introduction to thebody-basic anatomicalterms-body cavities-head- cranium-thorax-abdomenandpelvis.

Biomechanics –Structureandfunctions ofmusculoskeletal systems,tendons,ligaments,facia, bone,muscles,jointsandbasicmechanisms.

The respiratorysystem-respiratoryfailure-asphyxia-abdominalthrust in Heimlich man oeuvre.Chestinjuries-types-fracturedribs -pneumothrox-haemothrox.

### **ModuleII**

The nervoussystem-functions-components-brain-cerebrum-cerebellum-medulla oblongata-cerebra - spinal fluid-spinal cord-autonomic nervous system. Unconsciousness-causes-level of consciousness-management of unconscious casualty- problems ofunconsciousness.Fainting-recognition-management-aftercare. Diabetes- hypoglycemia-hyperglycemas-management. Seizures (epilepticfits,convulsions) features-management,stroke.Headinjuries-fracturesofthebase-vaultandsidesofskull.

### **ModuleIII**

The circulatory system-heat attack-chest compression- CPR

Shock-causes-signsandsymptoms- managementofshock.

Eye-eye injuries-foreignbodyineye-eye trauma-corrosive chemicalineye-arceye.Woundsbleeding-classification-typesofwounds-caseofwounds-bleedingfromspecialsites.

### **ModuleIV**

Fractures-classificationoffractures-principlesoffimmobilization–sprainsand dislocation.Broad andnarrowfoldbandages-handbandages-slings.

The skin. Burns-rule ofnines-pure thermal burns. Electric burns. Chemical burns.

Radiationburns.Coldburns.

Poisoning.Physicalfitness.Lifting-casualtyhandling.Useofstretchers.

### **References:**

- |   |                               |
|---|-------------------------------|
| 1)Manual offirstaidtotheinjured                       | :St.JohnAmbulanceAssociation. |
| 2)Firstaidtextbook                                    | : AmericanNationalRedCross    |
| 3)Manual ofFirstaidinstruction                        | : USBureauofMines             |
| 4)V.V.Yudenich, AccidentFirstAid,MirPublishers,Moscow |                               |

### **TypeofQuestionsfor UniversityExamination**

Q1.Eightshortanswerquestionsof5markseachwithtwoquestionsfromeachofthefour modules. Q2toQ5 : TwoquestionsA&Bof15marksfromeachmodulewithoptiontoanswer either Aor B.

## **407STRENGTHOFMATERIALSLAB**

StandardtensiontestonM.SousingU.T.Mandasuitableextensometer

TorsiontestonM.SpecimenDou

blesheartestonM.Srod

ImpactTests–IzodandCharpy

Hardnesstests-Brinnel,VickersandRockwellhardnessTest onsprings

Testsonwood

1. Flexuraltest(b)Compressiontest

Compressivestrengthof masonryunits

(a)Bricks (b)Stone(c)hollowblockunits

Fatiguetest

Strut test

VerificationofClerkMaxwell's lawofreciprocaldeflection anddetermination ofYoung's Modulus.

Note: 50% marksisearmarkedforcontinuousevaluation, and 50% marksforendsemester examinationtobeassessedbytwoexaminers. A candidate shall secure minimum of 50% marks separatelyforthetwocomponentstobeelegible forapass inthatsubject.

## **408ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY LAB**

1. Verification of Kirchoff's Laws
2. Verification of Superposition Theorem
3. Study of B.H. Curve on C.R.O
4. Measurement of power in A.C. circuit by 3 ammeter and 3 voltmeter method
5. Load test on a d.c. series motor
6. Speed characteristics of the c. shunt motor
7. Regulation of a Transformer
8. Load characteristics of a 3 phase induction motor
9. Study of protective relays and circuit breakers.
10. Study of insulation testing and ground testing.

**Note:** 50% marks is ear marked for continuous evaluation, and 50% marks for end semester examination to be assessed by two examiners. A candidate shall secure minimum of 50% marks separately for the two components to be legible for a pass in that subject.

## **501 ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS IV MODULE 1**

Probability distributions: random variables (discrete & continuous), Probability density, Mathematical expectation, mean and variance of a probability distribution, binomial distribution, Poisson approximation to the binomial distribution, uniform distribution, normal distribution.

Curve fitting: method of least squares, correlation and regression, lines of regression.

### **Module II**

Sampling distributions: Population and samples, the sampling distribution of the mean XQNQRZQNQRZQWKHVDP SOLQJGLVWULEXWLRQRIWKPHDQ WKHVDP SOLQJGLVWULEXWLRQRIWKH variance, point estimation, interval estimation, tests of hypotheses, null hypotheses and Significance tests, hypothesis concerning one mean, type I and type II errors, hypotheses concerning two means. The estimation of variances: Hypotheses concerning one variance-Hypotheses concerning two variances.

### **Module III**

Finite difference Operators:

Newton's Forward and Backward differences interpolation polynomials, central differences, Starling's central differences interpolation polynomial, Lagrange interpolation polynomial, divided differences, Newton's divided differences interpolation polynomial.

Numerical differentiation: Trapezoidal and Simpson's rules, compounded rules error of Interpolation and integration formulae. Gauss quadrature formulae (No derivation for 2 point and 3 point formulae)

### **Module IV**

Numerical solutions of ordinary differential equations: Taylor series method, Euler's method, modified Euler's method, Runge-Kutta formulae 4<sup>th</sup> order formulae

Numerical solution of boundary value problems: Methods of finite differences, finite difference methods for solving Laplace's equation in a rectangular region, finite differences methods for solving the wave equation and heat equation.

### **TEXTBOOKS:**

Probability and Statistics for Engineers: Irvin Miller & Friend Prentice Hall Of India  
Numerical Methods: S.S. Sastry, Phi Publishers.

### **REFERENCES:**

Numerical Methods: P.Kandaswamy, K.Thilagavathy, K.Gunavathy, S.Chand & Co.  
Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes A.Papoulis, Mgh Publishers

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1 Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules.  
Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **502CHEMICAL ENGINEERING III**

### **Module I**

Inorganic chemical technology

Chloro - alkali industries-soda ash-caustic soda-chlorine-hydrochloric acid. Manufacture of sulphuric acid.

Phosphorous industries-phosphoric acid-wet process phosphoric acid, electric furnace

Phosphoric acid, single superphosphate and triple superphosphate. Nitrogenous industries-ammonia, nitric acid, urea, ammonium sulphate, ammonium phosphate.

(Only the processes currently in use in industries need be covered)

### **Module II**

Organic chemical technology

Manufacturing processes for pulp and paper, sugar, industrial alcohol by fermentation - absolute alcohol, beers, wines, oils and fats, soaps and detergents, agrochemicals, introduction to polymers, synthetic rubbers-SBR, neoprene, urethane rubbers.

(Only the processes currently in use in industries need be covered)

### **Module III**

Bioprocess engineering

An overview of traditional and modern applications of biotechnological processes, outline of an integrated bioprocess and the various (upstream and downstream) unit operations involved in bioprocesses, general requirements of fermentation processes, types of fermenters and bioreactors, auxiliary instrumentation of bioreactors, main parameters to be monitored and controlled in fermentation processes, Enzymes-mechanism of enzyme action, introduction to enzyme kinetics, Michaelis-Menten kinetics, methods of enzyme immobilization.

### **Module IV**

Chemical plant design and economics

Process development- types of designs, feasibility survey, preliminary design, flow diagrams, piping and instrumentation diagram, batch versus continuous operation, factors in equipment scale up and design, equipment specifications. General design considerations- plant location, selection of plant site, plant layout. Detailed engineering- mechanical, structural, electrical and instrument designs. Capital cost estimates - fixed and working capital, cost escalation, cost indexes, estimating equipment costs by scaling. Selection of materials for chemical plant construction under ordinary temperature and pressure and high temperature and pressure conditions.

### **Text Books**

1. M. Gopal Rao & M. Sittig (Eds), Dryden's Outlines of Chemical Technology, Affiliated East West Press
2. Michael L. Shuler and Fikret Kargi, Bioprocess Engineering: Basic Concepts, Prentice-Hall of India, 2002.

### **Reference Books**

1. Max S. Peters and Klaus D. Timmerhaus, Plant Design and Economics for Chemical Engineers, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 2004.
2. G.T. Austin (Ed), Shreve's Chemical Process Industries, McGrawHill Book Company

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **503PRINCIPLESOFENGINEERINGDESIGN**

### **MODULE1**

Introduction to design- steps in design- design factors- practical considerations in design- the orion failure-stress concentration- consideration of creep and thermal stress in design.  
Detachable joints- design of screws- thread standards- thread stress- pre-loading of bolts- external load with pre-load- fatigue and shock loading- Types of keys- types of pins- design of cotter and pin joint.

### **MODULE2**

Riveted Joints- stresses in riveted joints- design of riveted joints subjected to central & eccentric loads- spoiler and tank joints- structural joints.

Welded joints- types of welded joints- design of welded joints subjected to axial, torsion and bending loads.

### **MODULE3**

Springs- stresses in helical spring- deflection of helical compression and extension Spring- springs subjected to fatigue loading- concentric and helical torsion spring -critical frequency of springs- leaf springs- design of automotive leaf springs.

Power Shafting- Design for static loads- combined stresses- design of shaft for strength and deflection- axial load on shaft.

### **MODULE4**

Design of cylindrical and spherical vessels for internal and external pressures- design of heads and enclosures- tall vessels- supports for vessels- non standard flanges- pipeline design. Design of storage tanks.

### **REFERENCE**

- 1.Joseph Edward Shingley, Mechanical Engineering Design
  - 2.V.I.Doughite, Design of Machine elements
  - 3.J.Myatt, Machine Design
  - 4.L.E.Brownell and B.H.Young, Process Equipment Design
  - 5.M.V.Joshi, Process Equipment Design,
  - 6.IS2825:1969- Code for unfired pressure vessels (to be permitted for examination)
  - 7.Design Data Books (to be permitted for examination)
- 1.Prof.B.R.Narayanan & Dr.K.Lingiah  
2.PSGTech.  
3.Prof.Mahadevan

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1.Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules.  
Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **504 FIRE ENGINEERING-II**

### **MODULE1**

Effect of temperature on the properties of structural materials-concrete, steel, masonry and wood; Behavior of non-structural materials on fire- plastics, glass, textile fibers and other house hold materials; Determination of combustibility by fire tube method; Brief description on non-combustibility test and classification of flamespread of materials as per relevant standards (BIS). Compartment fire-factors controlling fire severity, ventilation controlled and fuel controlled fires; Spread of fire in rooms, within building and between buildings..

### **MODULE2**

Experimental determination of fire resistance-types of furnaces; Approximate methods for calculating the fire resistance of structural elements- Schematic diagrams, influencing factors; Concept of static, thermal engineering and experimental methods for the calculation of fire resistance; Principle of the calculation of the fire resistance limits of structures-coefficient of fire resistance, fire duration; Approximate calculation of the required fire resistance for a building.

### **MODULE3**

Fire area-calculation of building fire area, subdivision of fire areas in Industrial, Residential and Public buildings; Fire separation between building-principles of calculation of safe distance; Design principles of fire-resistant walls and ceilings; Fire resistant screens-solid screens and water curtains; Local barriers; First opposed areas-in proof, in fire areas and in connecting structures; Firedoors-Low combustible, Non-combustible and Spark-proof doors; suspension of doors; Air-tight sealing of doors; Specification, test and performance criteria of Plate, Metal covered and Rolling type fired rs as per relevant standards (ISI).

### **MODULE4**

Fabricated fireproof boards-calcium silicate, Gypsum, Vermiculite, and Perlite boards; Fire protection of structural elements-Wooden, Steel, RCC, and Plastic structures; Repairability of fire damaged structures-Assessment of fire severity, Assessment of damage to concrete, steel, masonry and timber structures, Assessment of feasibility of repair; Repair techniques repair methods to reinforced concrete columns, beams and slabs, Repair to steel structural members, Repair to masonry structures.

#### **Text Books**

1. Roytman M. Ya., "Principles of Fire Safety Standards for Building Construction", Amerind Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1975
2. Smith E.E. and Harmathy T.Z. (Editors), "Design of Buildings for fire safety", ASTM Special Publication 685, American Society for Testing and Materials, Boston, U.S.A., 1979.
3. E. Gorden Butcher E.G. and Parnell A.C., "Designing for fire safety", John Wiley and Sons Ltd., New York, U.S.A., 1983

#### **Reference Books**

1. Merchant E.W., "A Complete Guide to Fire and Building",
2. Adam and Charles Black, "Fire Safety in Buildings",
3. HMSO, "Fire Protection in Factory Building",
4. BIS, "IS-12777-Fire safety-flame-spread of products- Method for classification, Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi, 1989.
5. BIS, "IS 3614 (Part-1)-Specification of fire check doors-part 1: Plate, metal covered and rolling type" Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi, 1966.
6. BIS, "IS 3614 (Part-2)-Specification of metallic and non-metallic fire check doors-part 2: Resistance test and performance criteria, Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi, 1992.

#### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules.  
Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **505PRINCIPLESOFINDUSTRIALMANAGEMENT**

### **MODULE I**

Organization: Concept of organization , characteristics of organization, elements of organization, organizational structure, organization charts, Types of organization-line & staff organization, functional organization, project organization, matrix organization,  
Management: Functions, Evolution of management theory, Principles of scientific management,

### **MODULE II**

Personnel Management: Motivation theories, Leadership theories and models, Recruitment and training, labor turnover, operator training,

Wages and Incentives: feature of wages, time and piece rate, incentive plans, profit sharing, Job evaluation, Merit rating methods-factors of comparison and pointing out defects.

Industrial Relations: industrial disputes, collective bargaining, trade unions, workers' participation in management, labor welfare.

### **MODULE III**

Production Management: Production System-Functions-Product Design-Product Life Cycle. Demand forecasting for operations-components of demand-methods of prediction and forecasting-Forecasting models-casual & time series PPC-Functions-Models

Capacity Planning - Evaluating future capacity - capacity requirement - Aggregate Planning  
Inventory Control-Objectives-Costs-Models: Basic, Production, Shortage-ABC Analysis.

### **MODULE IV**

Project Management: Project Appraisal - Feasibility Analysis, Market feasibility, Technical feasibility, Financial feasibility, Economic feasibility, Financial and Economic appraisal of a project, Social Cost-Benefit Analysis in India, Project Report.

Project Scheduling: Network Techniques, PERT, CPM, GANTT charts, GERT, Time cost trade off and crashing procedure

### **References:**

1. Buffa, E.S., Modern Production and Operations Management, 7th edn., John Wiley and Sons, 1983.
2. Prasanna Chandra, Projects Planning, Analysis, Selection, Implementation & Review, 4th edn., Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1995.
3. Kootnz and Donnel., Principles of Industrial Management
4. Martand Telsang, Industrial Engineering and Production management, 2<sup>nd</sup> edn., S. Chand & Co., New Delhi

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules.

Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **506SAFETYINCONSTRUCTION**

### **MODULE-I**

Introductionto ConstructionIndustry- Safety issues in construction- Human factors in construction safety management. Roles of variousgroupsin ensuring safety in constructionindustry.Framing Contractconditions on safety, and relatedmatters. Relevance of ergonomics in construction safety.

### **MODULE-II**

Safety in various construction operations- Excavation-under-waterworks-under-pinning & shoring Ladders & Scaffolds- Tunneling- Blasting- Demolition- Pneumatic caissons- confined SpaceTemporary Structures. Indian Standards on construction safety-National Building Code Provisions on construction safety.

### **MODULE-III**

Safety in material handling and equipments-Safety in storage & stacking of construction materials. Safety in these of construction equipments-Vehicles, Cranes, Tower Cranes, Lifting gears, Hoists & Lifts, Wire Ropes, Pulley blocks, Mixers, Conveyors, Pneumatic and hydraulic tools in construction. Temporary power supply.

### **MODULE-IV**

Contract Labour(R&A) Act and Central Rules: Definitions, Registration of Establishments, Licensing of Contractors, Welfare and Health provisions in the Act and the Rules, Penalties, Rules regarding wages. Building & Other Construction Workers (RE&CS) Act, 1996 and Central Rules, 1998: Applicability, Administration, Registration, Welfare Board & Welfare Fund, Training of Building workers, General Safety, Health & Welfare provisions, Penalties.

#### References:

1. K.N. Vaid, Construction Safety Management.
2. V.J. Davies and K. Tomasin, Construction Safety Handbook.
3. James B. Fullman, Construction Safety, Security & Loss Prevention
4. Linger L, Modern Methods of Material Handling
5. R.T. Ratay, Handbook of Temporary Structures in Construction.
6. National Building Code of India
7. Relevant Indian Standards published by BIS
8. Contract Labour Act and Central Rules
9. Building & Other Construction Workers (RE&CS) Act, 1996 and Central Rules.

#### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules.  
Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **507SAFETYENGINEERINGLAB**

1. Study of PPE's.
2. Assessment of the safety performance in an industry and preparation of report..
3. Accident investigation and Analysis- Exercises
4. Job safety analysis- Exercises
5. Safety survey of a laboratory.
6. Safety audit of a laboratory.
7. Calculation of cost of accidents.
8. Preparation of work permits.
9. Safety assessment in a construction site.

10.Design and development of a training module on any topic of safety.

11.Preparation of a P&I diagram using AutoCad.

12.Preparation of the layout of a chemical plant using AutoCad.

**Note:** 50% marks is earmarked for continuous evaluation, and 50% marks for end semester examination to be assessed by two examiners. A candidate shall secure a minimum of 50% marks separately for the two components to be eligible for a pass in that subject.

## **508 CHEMICAL ENGINEERING LAB**

- 1.Sieve Analysis-To analyses a given sample using a set of standards sieves and thus to determine the specific surface area, the volume surface area and diameter and the mean diameter by differential analysis and cumulative analysis.
- 2.Study of the working of Plate and frame filter press.
3. Free settling -To find out the drag coefficient of a falling sphere in a fluid and verification of Stoke's law.
- 4.Sedimentation -To study batch sedimentation of a slurry and to determine the area of the continuous thickener.
- 5.Heat transfer from steam to air -Determination of overall heat transfer coefficient.
- 6.Verification of material balance equation and Rayleigh's equation for simple distillation.
7. Steam distillation.
- 8.Leaching-leaching mixture of salt and sand.
- 9.Study of the kinetics of chemical reaction in a batch reactor.
- 10.Adsorption isotherms.
- 11.Frequency response of first and second order systems.

**Note:** 50% marks is earmarked for continuous evaluation, and 50% marks for end semester examination to be assessed by two examiners. A candidate shall secure a minimum of 50% marks separately for the two components to be eligible for a pass in that subject.

## **601LEGALASPECTSOF SAFETY,HEALTHANDENVIRONMENT**

### **MODULE-I**

Factories Act- Definitions, Preliminary, Inspecting staff, Health, Safety, Provisions relating to hazardous processes, Welfare, Working hours of adults, Employment of young persons, Special provisions.

Dock workers (Safety, Health and Welfare) Act and Regulations - Definitions, Powers of Inspectors, Power of Govt. to direct Inquiry, Obligation of dockworkers, Duties of Safety Officers, Reporting of accidents, Emergency Action Plan, Safety Committee.

### **MODULE-II**

Workmen's Compensation Act: Definitions, Employer's liability for compensation, Calculation of amount of compensation. ESI Act and Rules: Applicability to Construction, Definitions and Benefits as per the Act & the Rules.

Public Liability Insurance Act and Rules- Definitions, Calculation of amount of relief, Environmental Relief Fund, Advisory Committee, Powers of District Collector, Extent of Liability, Contribution to Relief Fund.

### **MODULE-III**

Explosives Act and Rules- Definitions, Categories of Explosives, General Safety Provisions, Use of Explosives, Grant of license, Notice of Accidents, Inquiry into ordinary and more serious accidents, Extension of definition to other explosive substances.

Petroleum Act & Rules- Definitions, Control over Petroleum import, transport, storage, production, refining and blending, Need for license, exemption, Notice of Accidents and Inquiries.

### **MODULE-IV**

Water Act- Definitions, Powers and Functions of Boards, Provisions regarding prevention and control of water pollution, Power to make rules, Rules on Consent for Establishment and Operation. Air Act- Definitions, Power & Functions of Boards, Prevention & Control of Air Pollution, Consent as per Air Pollution Rules. Environment (Protection) Act and Rules- Definitions, general powers of central government, prevention, control and abatement of environmental pollution, standards for emission, prohibition and restrictions on setting and operation of industries. MSIHC Rules- Definitions, Duties of Authorities, Notification of Major Accidents Safety Reports, Safety audit, MSDS, On-site & Off-site Emergency Plan, Giving safety information to public.

### **Reference**

s

1. Factories Act, 1948 with amendments of 1976 & 1987.
2. Dock Workers (SHW) Act, 1986; Rules, 1990 & Regulations, 1990.
3. Explosives Act and Rules.
4. Petroleum Act and Rules.
5. Environmental Acts & Rules as above.

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules.

Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **602CHEMICALPROCESSSAFETY**

### **MODULEI**

SAFETY IN THE DESIGN OF CHEMICAL PROCESS PLANTS :- Design principles-reliability and safety in designing-inherent safety-engineered safety-piping and instrumentation-safety during start up and shutdown-safety checks in the design of the equipment-reactor safety-safety in erection and commissioning of chemical plants-non destructive testing methods-pressure and leak testing-emergency safety devices-scrubbers and flares-new concepts in safety design and operation-Pressure vessel testing standards-Gassy lenderrules,SMPRules-Inspection techniques for boilers and reaction vessels.

### **MODULEII**

SAFETY IN THE OPERATION OF CHEMICAL PROCESS PLANTS:- Properties of chemicals - Material Safety Data Sheets - the various properties and formats used - methods available for property determination. Operational activities and hazards - standards operating procedures - safe operation of

pumps, compressors, heaters, column, reactors, pressure vessels, storage vessels, piping systems- effectsofpressure,temperature,flowrateand humidityonoperations- corrosionand control measures- conditionmonitoring-controlvalve-safety valves-pressurereducingvalves, drains,by passvalves,inertgases.Chemicalssplashes,eyeirrigationandautomaticshowers.

### **MODULEIII**

SAFETY IN THE STORAGE AND HANDLING OF CHEMICALS AND GASES :-Types of storage-general considerations for storage layouts- atmospheric venting, pressure and temperature relief - reliefvalve sizing calculations- storageandhandlingof hazardouschemicalsand industrial gases, safe disposalmethods,reactionwith other chemicals,hazardsduringtransportation-pipeline transport-safetyinchemicallaboratories. Safetyprovisionslikeleveland flowindictators- alarms, trips- protectionof stills,columnsand towarsfromlightening- colorcodingfor pipe linesand cylinders.

### **MODULEIV**

CHEMICAL REACTIONHAZARDS:Hazardous in organicandorganicreactionsandprocesses, Reactivityasaprocesshazard,Detonations, Deflagrations, andRunaways,AssessmentandTesting strategies, Self-heatinghazardsofsolids,Explosive potentialofchemicals, Structuralgroupsand instabilityofchemicals,Thermochemical screening,Casestudies. Stabilityandsensitivitytests, Classificationofmaterialswithexplosivepotential,Hazard prediction by thermodynamic Calculations, Preventionandcontrolof explosionsanddetonations-diluting arelease,purgingandinserting, venting, explosionrelief, flame arrestors, explosionsuppression, Classificationofhazardousareas.

#### References:

RalphKingandRonHirst,King'sSafetyintheProcessIndustries, Arnold,London,1998  
IndustrialEnvironmentanditsEvolutionandControl :NIOSH  
Accident PreventionManualforIndustrialOperations :Vol.I&IINSCChicago  
SaxNIrvin,Dangerouspropertiesof industrialmaterials

#### Typeof QuestionsforUniversityExamination

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Q1.Eightshortanswerquestionsof5markseachwithtwoquestionsfromeachofthefourmodules. Q2toQ5:  
TwoquestionsA&Bof15marksfromeachmodulewithoptiontoanswereeitherAor B.

## **603PROCESS INSTRUMENTATIONAND CONTROL ENGINEERING**

### **Module I**

Elements of measurement- Fundamental standards, Quality of measurement, Meaning of measurement, Errors in measuring instruments, Precision and accuracy, Calibration principle, Static and dynamic characteristics of sensors, assuring instruments.

Measurement of temperature - Bimetallic and pressure thermometers, Thermocouples, Resistance thermometers, Pyrometer, Calibration.

Pressure and vacuum measurement- Manometers, Measuring element, Absolute pressure measurement, Static accuracy of pressure gauges.

### **Module II**

Flow measurement- Orifice installation, Pitot tube, Area flowmeters, Open channel meters. Level measurement- Direct method, Measurement of level in open and pressure vessels. Measurement of PH and humidity.

Recording Instruments, Indicating and signaling instruments, Signal transmission, and codes.

### **Module III**

Open loop and close loop systems - Transfer function modeling- block diagram representation of mechanical, thermal and liquid level systems.

Transient response analysis- Time response of first and second order system for impulse and step inputs- Effect of damping factors on transient response- Characteristics of proportional, integral, derivative, PI, PD and PID controllers.

Frequency response method of analysis- polar plot- Bode Plot.

### **Module IV**

Introduction to stability- Definition via impulse response function- Routh-Hurwitz stability criterion- Syntex stability criterion.

Control system components- error detectors- modulators and demodulators- Hydraulic controllers- Pneumatic controllers- PLC.

Introduction to computer control in chemical process industry.

Compares on between discrete data, digital and analogue control systems. Introduction to digital signal processing.

### **Text Books**

1. D.Patranabis, Principles of Industrial Instrumentation, Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 1996.
2. George Stephanopoulos, Chemical Process Control : An Introduction to Theory and Practice, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, 1990.

### **References**

1. Eckman DP, Industrial Instrumentation, Wiley Eastern Ltd, New Delhi, 1990.
2. Ogata, K., Modern Control Engineering, Prentice Hall, 1995.
3. Benjamin C. Kuo, Digital Control Systems, Oxford University Press, 1992.
4. Stefani R. T, Shahian B, Savant J. C and Hostetter G. H, Design of Feedback Control Systems, Oxford University Press, 2002.

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

Fire detection-Need and importance of automatic fire detection system, principle of detection, classification of detectors; Heat detectors-fixed temperature, rate of rise, thermistor rate of rise and rate compensated type detectors; Smoke detectors-optical and ionization type, photoelectric light scattering and light obstruction type detectors; Flame detectors-infrared and ultraviolet detectors; Flammability detection-Elliston and laser detectors; Testing of fire detection devices as per relevant Indian standards (ISI); Comparison of detectors; Performance characteristics of detectors; Lag time associated with fire detection.

### **MODULE-II**

Principles of Fire Extinguishments-extinction of premixed flames, diffusion flames and burning metals, fire triangle, fire tetrahedron; Basic concept of fire fighting with water, carbon dioxide, powders, foams, inert gases, halons; Need for alone placement and halo substitutes; Extinguisher performance-flame extinguishing concentration, inverting concentration, fire trials.

First aid fire protection-fire buckets and bucket, fire blanket, fire pails & water barrels, hose reels; Description, working principle, method of operation of different types of portable fire extinguishers-water type, foam type, dry powder type, CO<sub>2</sub> type, vaporizing liquid type; Care, inspection, and maintenance of portable extinguishers;

### **MODULE-III**

Automatic water sprinkler system- requirement and source of water supply, automatic pumps; Automatic sprinkler heads-Quartzoid type, fusible link type, modern types; mounting and protection of sprinkler heads; Sprinkler pipe works-standard and staggered layout, hangers; Control valves for wet and dry installations; deluge valve. Drenchers; High velocity and medium velocity spray system; Principles of sprinkler system design as per relevant standards (ISI).

Fixed fire fighting system using CO<sub>2</sub>, Dry chemical powder, and Foam-concept of total flooding and local application, advantages and disadvantages of each system; Basic system components; Design principles of fixed fire fighting systems for total flooding and for local application as per relevant standards (ISI).

### **MODULE-IV**

Fire alarm system-classification of alarm systems as per NBC; Manually operated system; Automatic alarm system; Components and features of Local system, Auxiliary system, Remote station system, Central station system and Proprietary system

Fireground operations-preplanning, action on arrival and control, methods of rescue, methods of entry. Personnel safety. Control procedure and use of other safety equipment. Ventilation and salvage operations.

### **Text Books**

1. Ron Hirst, "Underdowns Practical Fire Precautions", Gower Publishing Company Ltd., England, 1989.
2. Jain V.K., "Fire Safety in Buildings", New Age International (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 1996
3. Clark, W.E., "Firefighting principles & practices",
4. HMSO: Manual of Firemanship, No. 4 to 7.

### **Reference Books**

1. Kevin Cassidy, "Fire Safety and loss Prevention",
2. NFP A, "Fire Protection Hand Book",
3. Hubert Walker, "Preventive maintenance/Apparatus",
4. Ervin L.W., "Firefighting apparatus and procedures",
5. Fire services manual Vol 1 & Vol 2

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **605 ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING AND MANAGEMENT**

### **ModuleI**

Air pollution-Sources of air pollution, effects of air pollution, classification of pollutants, Atmospheric transport of pollutants-wind profiles, atmospheric stability, inversion, turbulence, dispersion and diffusion of air pollutants, Gaussian plume dispersion model. Principles and techniques of ambient air and stack emission monitoring; Particulate matter control equipment-working principles of gravity settlers, cyclones, wet scrubbers, fabric filters and electrostatic precipitators; Gaseous control methods-an overview of absorption, adsorption and combustion methods; Biological methods for VOC and odour control.

### **ModuleII**

Physical, chemical and biological characteristic of waste water; Effects of pollutant son water quality and aquatic life; Physical unit operations in waste water treatment- flow equalization, sedimentation, and flotation; Chemical unit processes in waste water treatment-coagulation and flocculation, chemical precipitation and adsorption; Biological unit processes-kinetics of microbial growth, Aerobic treatments systems: working principle and design parameters of trickling filter, activated sludge process, and rotating biological contactor; Anaerobic treatment systems: mechanism of anaerobic process, low rate and high rate digesters, working principle and applications of anaerobic filters and UASB; Biological nitrification -gentrification; Characteristics and treatment methods for the wastewater from fertilizer plants, petroleum refineries, pulp and paper mills and distilleries.

### **ModuleIII**

Solid wastes-environmental, aesthetic and health risk; Sources, quantities and composition of solid wastes; Storage, collection and transportation of urban solid waste, disposal options-sanitary landfills, composting and its variations, anaerobic digestion, incineration and pyrolysis; Vermicomposting; Recovery alternative Monitoring of solid wastes. Hazardous wastes-definition and classification, health and environmental effects, treatment, disposal and management of hazardous wastes, legal framework for hazardous waste management in India.

### **ModuleIV**

Environmental management in industries-Principles and requirements of ISO 14001 EMS; Environmental auditing and auditing for waste minimization; Environmental impact assessment-description of the environmental setting, prediction and assessment of impacts, methods of impact analysis, Indian scenario, public participation in environmental decision making. Strategies for pollution prevention-recycle and reuse, cleaner technologies. Life cycle assessment-principle and methodology. The concept of industrial ecology. Clean development mechanism(CDM)-carbon trading.

#### **TextBooks:**

1. C.S.Rao: Environmental Pollution Control Engineering, New Age International(P) Ltd Publishers, 1991.
2. M.N.Rao and A.K.Dutta: Wastewater Treatment, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 1987.:

#### **References**

- 1) Pavani, J.L: Handbook of solid waste Disposal and Management
- 2) Metcalf and Eddy Inc.: Waste Water Engineering: Treatment, Disposal, Reuse
- 3) Canter, L.W: Environmental Impact Assessment
- 4) Liu, I(Ed): Environmental Engineers Handbook (2<sup>nd</sup> Edn)

#### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **606 OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND HYGIENE MANAGEMENT**

### **MODULE I**

Concept and spectrum of health- functional units and activities of occupational health services- occupational and work related disease- Levels of prevention of diseases - notifiable occupational diseases such as silicosis, asbestosis, pneumoconiosis, siderosis, anthracose, aluminosis and anthrax- Lead-Nickel, chromium and manganese toxicity-gas poisoning (such as CO, ammonia, coal and dust), their effects and prevention- Industrial toxicology-local and systemic effects, temporary and cumulative effects - threshold limit values, calculation of TLVs - carcinogens, mutagens, teratogens.

### **MODULE II**

Recognition, evaluation and control of physical hazards. Vibration- description and measurement of vibration. Vibration control methods. Effects of whole body vibration on human body and control measures.

Noise- noise measurement, evaluation, noise control methods- hearing loss- causes-Biological effects of noise exposure.

Thermal stress- heat disorders and health effects such as heat exhaustion, heat cramps etc. WBGT index, acclimatization.

Ventilation systems - purpose of ventilation- general principle ventilation requirements.

Physiological and comfort level. Natural ventilation- Dilution ventilation- Mechanical ventilation- Local exhaust ventilation - Ventilation measuring instruments. Fundamentals of hood and duct designs. Standards on ventilation.

### **MODULE III**

Man as a system component-allocation of functions-efficiency-occupational work capacity-aerobic and anaerobic work-steady state-evaluation of physiological requirements of jobs- parameters of measurements- categorization of job heaviness-work organization-stress-strain-fatigue-rest pauses-audiometric test- hearing conservation programmed-vision test- vital function test- pre-employment and periodic employment medical examinations. Biological rhythms, shift work and occupational health.. Purpose of lighting. Advantages of good illumination. Lighting and the work. Sources and kinds of artificial lighting principles of good illumination. Design of lighting installation. Maintenance. Lighting and color. Standards on lighting and illuminations.

### **MODULE IV**

Biological hazards- agents- types sources and prevention. Recognition, evaluation and control of chemical hazards-types-dust-fumes-mist-vapor- fog etc., air contaminants- evaluation - types of sampling - air sampling system-methods of analysis-control measures. Ionizing and non ionizing radiation, Radiation protection. Instruments for Radiation detection and measurement. Early recognition of radiation hazard-personal monitoring devices, Medical support. Hazards associated with the following radiations and preventive measures- Laser, infrared, ultraviolet and ELF. Personal protection in the working environment, Types of PPEs, Personal protective equipment respiratory and non respiratory equipment. Standards related to PPEs.

### **REFERENCES**

1. Encyclopaedia of Occupational Health and Safety : Vol I & II-ILO
2. Industrial Environment and its evaluation and control : NIOS
3. D. Hunter, Diseases of Occupation.
4. M. K. Poltev, Occupational Health & Safety in manufacturing industries.
5. Clayton & Clayton, Patty's Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology :

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **607ENVIRONMENTALEENGINEERING&MANAGEMENTLAB**

- 1.Determination of pH,turbidity, total hardness, total solids and dissolved oxygen of water samples.
- 2.DeterminationofBODandCODof waste watersamples.
- 3.Jar testfordeterminingtheoptimumcoagulantdosefor watertreatment.
- 4.Determinationofkineticconstantsofactivatedsludgeprocess.
- 5.Determination of sculpturedioxide,oxides of nitrogen and particulate matter fromchimney sources.
- 6.Determinationofparticulatematter, chlorine,ammonia, carbon monoxideandsulphurdioxide inambientair.
- 7.Analysisofleadandootherheavymetalsinairusingsectorscopy.
- 8.Studyofpollutionpreventionandcontrolfacilitiesinindustries.
- 9PreparationofEnvironmental ImpactStatement(EIS)foranindustrialproject.
- 10.PreparationofanEnvironment AuditReport.

Note:50% marksis earmarkedforcontinuousvaluation, and50% marksforendsemester examinationtobeassessedbytwoexaminers. Acandidate shall secureminimum of 50% marks separatelyforthetwocomponentstobeelegible forapass inthatsubject.

## **608MINORPROJECT**

Eachbatchcomprisingofaround5studentsshall identifyaprojectrelatedtothe curriculumofstudy. Atthe endofthesemester,eachstudentshallsubmitaprojectedportcomprisingoftheapplicationandfeasibility oftheproject.

Guidelinesforevaluation:

1.Attendanceandregularity	20
2.Theoreticalknowledgeandindividualinvolvement	30
3.Qualityandcontentsofprojectreport	30
4.Presentation	20
	100Marks

## **701HAZARD IDENTIFICATION AND RISK ASSESSMENT**

### **Module I**

Hazard and risk, Types of hazards-fire, explosion and toxic gas release, Structure of hazard identification and risk assessment.

Identification of hazards: Inventory analysis, Fire and explosion hazard rating of process plants-The Dow Fire and Explosion Hazard Index, The Mond Index, Plant layout and unit hazard rating, Preliminary hazard analysis, Hazard and Operability study (HAZOP), What If analysis, Case studies.

### **Module II**

Plant availability and process reliability: ways of improving plant availability ,MTBF and MTTF, the reliability function, failure rate, bathtub curve, probability relationships, simple reliability estimation.

Estimation of frequency of occurrence of a hazard: The logic tree approach set theory and Boolean algebra, application to probability, Boolean manipulation.

Fault tree analysis-logic symbols, minimal cut set, logic gates, fault tree quantification.

Event tree analysis-notation, event tree construction, advantages and disadvantages of ETA.

Failure mode and Effect Analysis (FMEA) - methodology, criticality analysis, corrective action and follow-up.

### **Module III**

Consequence modeling:

Source models-discharge rate models, flash and evaporation, dispersion models.

Explosions and fires-vapor cloud explosions, flash fires, physical explosions, BLEVE and fireball, confined explosions, pool fires, jet fires.

Effect models-dose-response functions, probit functions, toxic gas effects, thermal effects, explosion effects-Software application for effect and damage calculations.

### **Module IV**

Quantification of risk: QRA, Vulnerability analysis, accepted and imposed risk, perception of risk, risk indices, individual risk and societal risk, acceptance criteria for risk, ALARP, Presentation of measures of risk-risk contour, F-Curve. Calculation of individual risk and societal risk.

Human reliability analysis (HRA): factors leading to human error, characteristics of HRA techniques, Technique for Human Error Rate Prediction (THERP), Accident Sequence Evaluation Program (ASEP), Techniques using expert judgment, Operator Action tree (OAT).

### **TextBooks**

AIChE/CCPS, Guidelines for Hazard Evaluation Procedures second edition. Centre for Chemical Process Safety, American Institute of Chemical Engineers, New York, 1992.  
AIChE/CCPS, Guidelines for Chemical Process Quantitative Risk Analysis second edition. Centre for Chemical Process Safety, American Institute of Chemical Engineers, New York, 2000.

### **References**

1. Lees F.P. Loss Prevention in the Process Industries second edition. Butterworth's, London, 1996.

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **702 SAFETY IN RAIL AND ROAD TRANSPORT**

### **MODULE I**

Railway Engineering: Permanent way- Components: Rails- Functions, requirements, defects, rail joints and fastenings, check and guard rails, coning of wheels, creep rails; Sleepers- functions, requirements, types, density; Ballast- functions, requirements, types.

Geometric Design- Horizontal curves, Super-elevation, Negative super-elevation in branches, Length of transition curves- Grade compensation on curves- Widening of gauge on curves.

### **MODULE II**

Railway operation & control: Points and crossings- Turn-out- Types of Railway tracks- Points Station Yards and Marshalling Yards- Signaling and interlocking- Principles of track circuiting Control of train movement by centralized traffic control system. Railway Accidents & Safety. Rapid Transit Railways- types, merits & demerits.

### **MODULE III**

Classification of highways- Typical cross-section of roads- Definition of various cross-sectional elements- Requirements & factors controlling alignment of roads- Basic geometric design of streets and highways.

### **MODULE IV**

Traffic characteristics- various traffic studies and their applications- Traffic signals- Classification of signals- Carriage-way markings- Traffic islands- Highway intersections- Principles of highway lighting- Accident prevention, investigation and reduction- Road Accidents- Regulatory measures for traffic management- Physical methods of traffic control- Traffic Calming- Safety Audit, Intelligent Transport System.

### **References:**

1. S.C.Rangwala, Railway Engineering
2. S.K.Khanna and C.E.G.Justo, Highway Engineering
3. L.R.Kadiyali, Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning.
4. Mike Slinn, Peter Guest and Paul Mathews, Traffic Engineering Design: Principles and Practice, Butterworth-Heinemann Elsevier.
5. R.Agor, Railway Track Engineering, Khanna Publishers.

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 5 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **703SAFETYINENGINEERINGINDUSTRY**

### **ModuleI**

Introduction-ClassificationofEngineeringIndustry-ManufacturingProcesses  
Hot Working-Foundry operations-furnace and equipments, health hazard, safe methods of operation.  
Forgingoperations,heat radiation,maintenanceofmachines, shopequipmentsand handtools-safe workpractice.Operationsinhotandcoldrolling mills.

### **ModuleII**

Machinery safeguard-Point-of-Operation,Principle of machine guarding - breakdown of machineguarding-typesofguardsanddevices.  
ColdWorking-SafetyinPowerPresses,primary&secondaryoperations-shearing-bending  
-rolling-drawing.MetalCutting-safetyinturning,boring,milling,planningandgrinding.  
Maintenanceofmachinetools-healthhazardsandprevention.

### **Module III**

WeldingandCutting-Safety PrecautionsofGasweldingandArcWelding, Cutting and Finishing.Gas Cylinders and Equipments. Heat Treatment- Furnacesand Salt baths-operationsandmaintenance-safetyinhandling andstorageofsalts-disposaloffluents- health precautions, exposure to hazardous fumes, sourceof fumes, ventilation and fume protection.

### **ModuleIV**

MaterialHandling-Classification-safety consideration-manual andmechanical handling. Handling assessments and techniques- lifting, carrying, pulling, pushing, palletizing and stocking.  
MaterialHandling Equipments-operation &maintenance. Maintenanceofcommon elements-wirerope,chainsslings,hooks,clamps.

### **Reference**

- 1.Accident PreventionManual for IndustrialOperations:National SafetyCouncil, Chicago
- 2.RolandP.Blake,IndustrialSafety
- 3.NCBalchin,HealthandSafetyinWeldingand Alliedprocess,Juice Publishers
- 4.N.Srinivasan,SafetyinEngineeringIndustry,VijayConsultantServices,Chennai
- 5.S.Kalpakjianand S.R.Schmid, Manufacturing Engineeringand Technology,Pearson EducationAsia

### **TypeofQuestionsforUniversityExamination**

Q1.Eightshortanswerquestionsof5markseachwithtwoquestionsfromeachofthefour modules. Q2toQ5:  
TwoquestionsA&Bof15marksfromeachmodulewithoptiontoanswer either Aor B.

## **704FIREENGINEERINGIV**

### **MODULE-I**

Process of emergency evacuation-special features of personnel movement. Parameter characteristics of the movement of people-practical methods of designing evacuation passages and exists. Evacuation exits and routes-stages of evacuation; Exit Requirements-Planning of evacuation routes and exits-Seating arrangement-Passages and corridors; Smoke control during building design; Mechanical Ventilation; Compartment fires and tactical ventilation.

### **MODULE-II**

Classification of building based on occupancy; Fire zone; classification of type of construction according to fire resistance; General fire safety requirements applicable to all individual occupancies. Sitting of detectors as per relevant standards (ISI); Selection and planning of alarm systems as per relevant standards (ISI). General requirements and guidelines for the installation of fire detection and alarm system in buildings of different occupancy classification.

### **MODULE-III**

General exit requirements as per NBC; Internal staircases; Pressurization of staircases; horizontal exits; fire tower; ramps; fire lifts; external fire escape ladders; Planning of location and calculation of capacity, number and width of exits as per NBC for different occupancy classification.

### **MODULE-IV**

Selection and distribution of portable extinguishers (for class A and B fires) and other fire protection equipments and systems for different occupancy classification as per NBC; Planning of fixed firefighting installation for different occupancy classification-sprinkler system; total flooding system; CO<sub>2</sub> system; foam system; Fire training and education- Arson - Fire safety audits - Risk assessment - Fire insurance .Fire Investigation

### **Text Books**

1. Royston M. Ya., "Principles of Fire Safety Standards for Building Construction", Amerind Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1975
2. E. Gorden Butcher E.G. and Parnell A.C., "Designing of fire safety", John Wiley and Sons Ltd., New York, U.S.A., 1983.
3. BIS, "NBC Part 4-Fire and Life safety", Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi, 2005.

### **Reference Books**

1. Merchant E.W., "A Complete Guide to Fire and Building",
2. Adam and Charles Black, "Fire safety in Buildings",

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **705(A)AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING & SAFETY**

### **Module I**

Types of automobiles. Limiting Dimensions as per Central Motor Vehicles Rules. Engines - Classification, Construction, Materials of engine components. Prototype Testing as per Central Motor Vehicles Rules.  
Fuel System - Fuel tank, Fuel filter, Types of Fuel system Carburetor - Simple and Modern, Fuel injection System. Emission Standards as per CMV Rules.

### **Module II**

Electrical System - Storage Battery Operations and Maintenance. Ignition System - Coil and Magneto Ignition System. Starting System, Lighting System, Horn System - Windshield Wiper Motors, Fans, Heaters, Eradicators. Automobile air conditioning. Central Motor Vehicles Rules regarding Lighting, Windshields, Wipers.

### **Module III**

Transmission System - Clutches - operation and fault finding of clutches, Fluid Flywheel, Gear Box-types, Steering Systems, Chassis Springs, Suspension. Differential, Dead and Live axles, Rims, Type etc. Brakes - Types, construction and fault finding. CMV Rules - Brakes, Steering & Type.

### **Module IV**

Lubrication Systems - Types, Components, Lubricating oil, Cooling system - Details of components, Study of Systems, Types. Miscellaneous - Special gadgets and accessories for fire fighting vehicles. Automobile accidents. CMV Rules regarding Safety devices for drivers, passengers.

### **References:**

- 1) William H. Crouse, Automobile Chassis and Body Construction, Operation and Maintenance.
- 2) William H. Crouse, Automobile Machines - Principles & Operations.
- 3) GBS Narang, Automobile Engineering
- 4) Kirpal Singh, Automobile Engineering
- 5) Joseph Heitner, Automotive Mechanics - Principles & Practices
- 6) P.L. Kohli, Automotive Electrical Equipments.
- 7) The Central Motor Vehicles Rules, 1989

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1 Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **(B)SAFETYINPETROLEUM&PETROCHEMICALINDUSTRIES**

### **Module-I**

Simplified flow diagrams of a typical refinery- distillation unit, cattily tic cracker, reformer, treating unit (hydroforming, gas purification, Sulphur recovery, lubricating oil unit) Simplified flow diagrams of Petrochemical Industry- steam cracking, butadiene extraction, ethane recovery, butyl rubber polymerization.

### **Module-II**

Potential fire hazards in petroleum and petrochemical industries (ignition by local sources, spark, flame, hot surface, ignition of oil mists and fumes.). Storage tank farms of petroleum and petrochemical industries- Identification of Hazards, Type of Tanks, Design, Layout, Fire prevention measures including lightning protection. Fire protection arrangements in large tank farms, Design concepts of various fixed fire protection systems like Foam- Water Systems, Halogen & DCP systems. Lockout procedures. Salient features of codes/standards: NFPA, API, OISD and SHELL.

### **Module-III**

Fire protection facilities in Oil Refineries, Depots & Terminals- Transportation of petroleum and petrochemical products (safety considerations, statutory considerations). Design and Construction requirements for cross country hydrocarbon pipelines. Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Bottling Plant Operations. Design Philosophies. Operating Practices- Safety and Fire Protection in bottling plants. Internal Safety Audits in (Procedures and Checklist) Transportation of Bulk Petroleum Products. Storage and Handling of Bulk Liquefied Petroleum Gas.

### **Module-IV**

On-Shore and Off-shore drilling. Classification of wells. Drilling method. Rotary drilling. Drilling equipment. Ground and offshore structures for drilling. Offshore platforms and drilling vessels. Drilling mud - functions, classification and properties. Blow-off, well kicks, Blow out preventer. Shallow gas. Directional drilling. Well killing procedure., Emergency shutdown, Methods of Rescue & Fire Fighting.

### **References:**

1. Frank P Lees: Loss prevention in Process Industries - Vol. I, II & III, Butterworth-Heinemann Publishing Company, UK.
2. Manual of Firemanship - Vol. I to XIII, HMSO, London.
3. Fire Protection Hand book.
4. OISD guidelines.

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **705(C)FOODANDBIOSAFETY**

### **ModuleI**

Quality attributes of foods, size and shape, color and gloss, texture- visual and objectively measurable attributes. Aroma of foods- Introductory ideas, formation and chemistry. Introduction to sensory evaluation of foods and beverages. Foodsafety, food additives and food contaminants, their chemical, technological and axiological aspects, Food laws- development and enforcement. Prevention of Food Adulteration Act and Food Regulations. ISO 9000 series and HACCP. Codex Alimentarius protocols for export.

### **ModuleII**

Principles of food commodity storage, Insect pests - their biology and food preference. Effects of pests on food communities. Pesticide classification and chemistry. Pesticide for emulsions. Pesticide appliances. Insect growth regulators, biopesticides and grain protestants. Fumigants, Sanitation in food processing/handling units. Ballooning techniques. Irradiation and other physical methods of control. Pesticide and health hazards. Safety devices, pesticide residues in foods, residue analysis and decontamination. Concept of organic foods.

### **ModuleIII**

The legal and socio-economic impacts of biotechnology- Public education of the processes of biotechnology involved in generating new forms of life for informed decision making - Biosafety regulation and national and international guidelines. R-DNA guidelines- Challenges for the Indian biotechnological research and industries - Ethical implications of biotechnological products and techniques.

### **ModuleIV**

Experimental protocol approvals- Level of containment- Environmental aspects of biotech applications- Use of genetically modified organisms and their resistance in environment- Special procedures for DNA based product production- Social and ethical implications of biological weapons - Good safety practices - GLP standards - Lab contaminants - PI, PII, PIII guidelines.

### **References**

- 1) P.K. Gupta, Elements of Biotechnology
- 2) H.D. Kumar, A Textbook on Biotechnology
- 3) Sasson A, Biotechnologies and Development
- 4) P. Fellows Food Processing Technology: Principles and practice

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **705(D)FAULTDETECTIONANDDIAGNOSIS**

### **MODULEI**

IntroductiontoFaultDetectionandDiagnosis:ScopeofFDD:-Typesoffaultsanddifferenttasksof FaultDiagnosisandImplementation -DifferentapproachestoFDD:Modelfree andModelbased approaches.ClassificationofFaultandDisturbances-Differentissuesin evolved in FDD-Typical applications. Analytical Redundancy Concepts: Introduction- Mathematical representation of Fault and Disturbances: AdditiveandMultiplicativetypes- ResidualGeneration:Detection,Isolation, Computationaland stabilityproperties- Designof Residualgenerator- Residualspecificationand Implementation.

### **MODULEII**

Design of Structured Residuals:Introduction-Residual structure of single fault Isolation:Structural and Canonical structures- Residual structure of Multiple fault Isolation: Diagonal and Full Row canonicalconcepts-Introductiontoparityequationimplementationandalternativerepresentation.

### **MODULEIII**

DesignofDirectionalstructuredResiduals:Introduction-DirectionalSpecifications: Directional specificationwith and without disturbances -Parity Equation Implementation- Linearly dependent column.

### **MODULEIV**

Advancedlevelissuesanddesigninevolved inFDD:IntroductionofResidualgenerationofparametricfault- RobustnessIssues-Statistically TestingofResidualgenerators-ApplicationofNeuralandFuzzylogic schemesinFDD-Casestudy.

#### **TextBooks:**

- 1.JanosJ.Gertler“Fault Detectionand DiagnosisinEngineering systems”-2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, MacelDekker,1998.

#### **ReferenceBooks:**

1. Sachin.C.Patwardhan,“Fault Detectionand Diagnosis inIndustrial Process” -Lecture Notes,IIT Bombay,February2005.
- 2.RamiS.Mangoubi,“RobustEstimationand Failure detection”.Springer-Vela-London 1998.

#### **TypeofQuestionsforUniversityExamination**

Q1.Eightshortanswerquestionsof5markseachwithtwoquestionsfromeachofthefour modules. Q2toQ5: TwoquestionsA&Bof15marksfromeachmodulewithoptiontoanswer either Aor B.

## **706FIREENGINEERINGLAB**

1. Determination of flash point, fire point and pour point of hydrocarbons.
2. TestsonDryChemicalPowder
  - a. Apparent Density Test
  - b. Hygroscopicity Test
  - c. Caking Test
  - d. Water Repellency Test
  - e. Heat Test
  - f. Efficient Fluidity Test
  - g. Fire Knocking Down Property Test
  - h. Foam Compatibility Test
3. Performance TestsonPortableDCPFireExtinguishers(Cartridge Type)
4. Performance TestsonPortableandTrolleymountedFireExtinguishers  
CO<sub>2</sub>Type.
5. TestsonFoam
  - a. P H value
  - b. Sludge content
  - c. Specific Gravity
  - d. Miscibility
  - e. Freezing Point
  - f. Film Formation Test
  - g. 25% Drainage Time
  - h. Burn-back Resistance
  - i. Fire Extinguishing Property
6. Test of non-combustibility of Building Materials.
7. Study of fire fighting equipments and accessories.

**Note:** 50% marks is earmarked for continuous evaluation, and 50% marks for end semester examination to be assessed by two examiners. A candidate shall secure minimum of 50% marks separately for the two components to be eligible for a pass in that subject.

## **707 INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE LAB**

- 1 Demonstration and calibration of Air sampling equipment
- 2 Sampling and estimation of gases in work environment by  
a) Lori metric method
- 3 Sampling and estimation of solvents in work environment
- 4 Sampling and estimation of dust - gravimetric method
- 5 Noise level measurement - Sound level meter, Octave filter set
  - a) Measurement of sound pressure level in dbA and db linear
  - b) Frequency analysis of noise
- 6 Measurement of illumination level
- 7 Study of lung models
- 8 Study of occupational diseases with photographic models
- 9 Demonstration of medical laboratory equipments
- 10 Thermal stress analysis.

Note: 50% marks is earmarked for continuous evaluation, and 50% marks for end semester examination to be assessed by two examiners. A candidate shall secure a minimum of 50% marks separately for the two components to be eligible for a pass in that subject.

## **708 SEMINAR**

Students shall individually prepare and submit a seminar report on a topic of current relevance related to the field of Safety and Fire Engineering. The references shall include books, journals, conference proceedings, reputed magazines and textbooks, technical reports and URLs. Each student shall be evaluated by a team of internal experts comprising of 3 teachers based on style of presentation, technical content, adequacy of references, depth of knowledge and overall quality of the seminar report.

## **801HUMAN FACTOR ENGINEERING**

### **MODULE I**

Human factors- objectives and approach. Systems thinking- human-machine systems, characteristics of systems, system reliability. Human beings as information processors-information theory, displaying information, coding of information, characteristics of good coding system, compatibility, types of compatibility, perception, memory, decision making, attention, age and information processing, mental workload and its measurement.

### **MODULE II**

Process of seeing, visual capabilities, accommodation, visual acuity, contrast sensitivity, factors affecting visual acuity and contrast sensitivity, adaptation, colour discrimination, perception. Design of hard copy and VDT screens. Graphic representations-symbols, objectives and criteria for selection, perceptual principles of symbolic design. Codes-dimension, colour.

Design of dynamic information displays, uses of dynamic information, design of quantitative visual displays, design of qualitative visual displays, design of signal and warning lights, recommendations regarding signal and warning lights, representational displays, head-up displays.

Hearing, nature and measurement of sound, complex sound, anatomy of fear, conversion of sound waves to sensations, masking. Auditory displays, detection of signals, relative discrimination and absolute identification of auditory signals, sound localization, principles of auditory display, cutaneous senses, tactile displays, substitutes for hearing and seeing, olfactory senses and displays.

### **MODULE III**

Physical work-muscle physiology, work physiology, measures of physiological strain, physical workload, work efficiency, energy consumption, grades of work, factors affecting energy consumption, controlling energy expenditure, strength and endurance, measurement of strength, factors affecting strength. Manual materials handling-lifting tasks, carrying tasks, pushing tasks, limits of MMH tasks, reducing risks of MMH overexertion.

Motor skills - biomechanics of human motion, types of body movements, range of movements, classes of motor movements, Speed of movements-reaction time, movement time, accuracy of movements.

Human control of systems - compatibility, spatial compatibility, movement compatibility.

Supervisory control. Controls devices- functions of control, factors in control design.

Principles of hand tool and device design.

### **MODULE IV**

Workplace design- anthropometry, static dimensions, dynamic dimensions, principles in the application of anthropometric data. Work spaces - work-space envelopes for sitting and standing personnel, out-of-reach and clearance requirements. Design of work surfaces. Science of seating - general principles of seat design. VDT workstations.

Arrangement of components within a physical space - principles of arranging components, methodologies for arranging components, types and uses of various data, link diagrams, general location of various controls and displays within work space, specific arrangements of controls and displays within workspace, spacing of control devices. General guidelines in designing individual workplaces.

### **TEXTBOOK & REFERENCE**

Sanders, M.M. & McCormick, E.J., Human Factors in Engineering & Design 7th ed.

McGraw-Hill International Edition, 1993.

Martin Hollander, A Guide to Ergonomics of Manufacturing, TMH, 1996.

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **802DISASTERMANAGEMENT**

### **MODULE I**

Importance of disaster management for chemical industry - Types of emergencies - major industrial disasters - causes and consequences of major industrial disasters like Flaxborough, Sava and Bhopal. Components of a major hazard control system - identification of major hazard control installations - purpose and procedures - safe operation of major hazard installations - mitigation of consequences - reporting to authorities. Implementation of major hazard control systems - group of experts - training - checklists - inspection - evaluation of major hazards - information to the public - manpower requirements - sources of information

### **MODULE II**

Emergency planning - on-site and off-site emergency plan - need of plan - possible approach - objectives of emergency plan.

On-site emergency planning - formulation of the plan and emergency services - Identification of resources - actions and duties - emergency procedure - mock drills. Off-site emergency planning - objectives and elements of off-site plan - role of administrative machinery - role of major hazard works management - role of the local authority. Emergency preparedness at local level - Awareness and preparedness for emergencies at local level (APEL) - The process and its partners.

### **MODULE III**

Requirements of emergency plans as per Indian legislations like Factories Act, Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules, Chemical Accidents (Emergency planning, Preparedness and Response) Rules.

Emergency planning and preparedness in international standards like ISO 14001, OHSAS 18001 and OSHA's Process Safety Management System, Emergency Planning in Selvex II directive - elements of emergency planning in IS:18001-Hazardous Materials/Spills Emergencies - contingency plans for road transportation of hazardous chemicals - contingency plans for oil spills in marine Environment

### **MODULE IV**

Natural Hazards - potentially hazardous natural phenomena - earthquakes - landslides - flooding - cyclones - hazards in arid and semi-arid areas - nature of the hazard - hazard management activities - disaster mitigation - natural hazard prediction - emergency preparedness - disaster, rescue and relief - post-disaster rehabilitation and reconstruction - education and training activities - vulnerable elements to be considered in the development planning for natural hazard management - applications of remote sensing and GIS in disaster management.

### **REFERENCES:**

1. ILO, Geneva: Major Hazard Control - a Practical Manual.
2. UNEP, Paris: APELL - A Process for responding to technological accidents, A Handbook, Industry & Environment Office, 1998
3. Accident Prevention Manual for Business and Industry, Vol. I - National Safety Council, USA.
4. Oilspill Response : The National Contingency Plan - Institute of Petroleum, London
5. Petak, W. J. and Atkisson, A. A.: Natural Hazard Risk Assessment and Public Policy : Anticipating the Unexpected
6. U.R. Rao: Space Technology for Sustainable Development

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **803 ADVANCED SAFETY ENGINEERING AND MANAGEMENT**

### **ModuleI**

Domino incident investigation-technique, logic diagram, input requirements, output, example.

Unavailability analysis of protective systems-technique, logic diagram, input requirements, example.

Reliability analysis of automatic control systems- PES safety system development logic diagram, system analysis, calculation of fractional deadtime, application, strengths and weaknesses.

Introduction to MORT analysis, IFAL analysis, Markov processes and application of Markov modeling to safety in instrumented systems, Sneak analysis.

### **ModuleII**

Environmental risk assessment- Human health risk assessment(HHRA), Ecological risk assessment(ECRA), Receptor, stressor and exposure. Steps in ECRA- identification of potential sites,

Identification and characterization of stressors identify in receptors, identification of potential ecological effects, selection of assessment and measurement endpoints, developing a conceptual model and risk hypotheses, approach for risk assessment.

### **ModuleIII**

Security for chemical process industries- Assessments and regulatory environment, methods for assessing security vulnerability, emerging security regulations, government development and industry activities that relate to security for process facilities. Strategies and countermeasures- prevention of intentional releases and theft of chemical releases at process facilities.

Sites security for process industries-Essential elements-threat analysis, security countermeasures, mitigation and emergency response. Specific security measures-information security, cyber security, physical security, policies and procedures, training, mitigation and response, inherently safer processes. Case study.

### **ModuleIV**

Safety Management Systems: SHEMS, OHSAS 18001 and OSHA's PSM-Policy, planning, training, implementation, management control and review.

Layer of Protection Analysis (LOPA)- Overview of relevant standards and guidelines, risk tolerance criteria. Preparation of LOPA-LOPA methodology, the LOPA team. Scenario development - components, fervently safe consideration Initiating causes/effects-identification, estimation of frequencies. Independent protection layers - IPL criteria, allocation of IPL credit - basic process control systems, operator response, pressure relief device, safety instrumented system, safety instrumented function. Safety integrity level (SIL) assignment, Interpreting LOPA results and making recommendations.

### **Text Books and References**

1. Centre for Chemical Process Safety, AICHE : Guidelines for Chemical Process Quantitative Risk Analysis, second edition, 2000.
2. ACC: Site Security Guidelines for the U.S. Chemical Industry, American Chemistry Council, Washington DC, 2001.
3. Jotter week, Ecological Impact Assessment, Blackwell Science, 1999.

### **Type of Questions for University Examination**

Q1. Eight short answer questions of 5 marks each with two questions from each of the four modules. Q2 to Q5: Two questions A & B of 15 marks from each module with option to answer either A or B.

## **804(A) SAFETYINPOWERPLANTS**

### **ModuleI**

Introduction,Generationofelectricityandsourcesofenergy,Principaltypesofpowerplants.Power plantcapacity.Principlesofpowerplantdesign.  
Solid, liquidand gaseousfuels,storageoffuels,Hazardsin thestorageof fuels. Safety precautionsinstorageandhandling. Combustionand combustionequipment- safetyinfurnace operations-Effectofserviceconditionsonrefectories.

### **ModuleII**

Steamgenerator,types andsafetymeasures- Dustcollectors- Selectionofsiteforesteam plant. Layout. Thedieselengineplant:useofdieselengineinasteam plant. Advantagesand disadvantagesofdieselplants.Safetyand environmentalproblemsofdieselplants.

### **ModuleIII**

Principleofoperationofhydroelectricpowerplants.Installationofpowerplant.Safetyduring selectionofpowerplantequipment-safety incommissioningofthermalpowerplantequipments, hydrostaticandairleakagetest, acidandalkalicleaning,safetyinauxiliaryplants.Coolingwater system.Safetyinmaintenanceofpowerplants.

### **ModuleIV**

NuclearEnergy,Partsofanuclear reactor,Classificationofreactors,Designofnuclear reactors.Maincomponentsofanuclearpowerplant.Boilingwaterreactor,Pressurized waterreactor, Sodiumgraphitereactor,Fastbreederreactor.Light waterreactorsandHeavywater reactors.Power ofanuclearreactor.Safetymeasuresfornuclearpowerplants.  
Non-conventionalsourcesofenergy.Effective utilizationofsolarenergy,Energyfromhighvelocity winds,Geothermal,Tidalandoceanthermalsourcesofenergy.

### **Textbooks:**

- 1.P.K.Nag,"PowerPlantEngineering",TataMcGrawHillPublishingCo.Ltd.,1998.
- 2.JohnVGrimaldiandRollinHSimonds.,SafetyManagement

### **References:**

- 1.S.C.AroraandS.Domkundwar,"A CourseinPowerPlant Engineering", DhanpatRaiandSons,TataMcGraw Hill,1998.
- 2.G.R.Nagpal,"PowerPlantEngineerig",KhannaPublishers,1998.
- 3.JoelWeismanandRoyEckart,"ModernPowerPlant Engineering",PrenticeHall InternationalInc,1985.

### **TypeofQuestionsforUniversityExamination**

Q1.Eightshortanswerquestionsof5markseachwithtwoquestionsfromeachofthefour modules. Q2toQ5: TwoquestionsA&Bof15marksfromeachmodulewithoptiontoanswer either Aor B.

## **804(B) SAFETYINHEALTHCAREWASTEMANAGEMENT**

### **ModuleI**

Definition&characterizationofhealth-carewaste-sourcesandgenerationofwaste,Physicschemicalcharacteristics. Hazardsofhealth-carewaste,public health impactsofhealthcare waste.

Health-care waste management planning-wastemanagement planforhealth care establishments, management of health-carewaste from scattered small sources, waste minimization,recyclingandreuse.

### **ModuleII**

Handling, storageandtransportationofhealth-care waste -wastesegregationand Packaging, onsitecollection, transportand storage ofwaste, offsitetransportation ofwaste. Treatmentanddisposalofhealthcarewaste-Incineration chemicaldisinfection;wetanddry thermal treatment,Microwaveirradiation,landdisposal,Initiation.

### **ModuleIII**

Treatment and disposal methods - Infectious waste and sharps, pharmaceutical waste, cytotoxicwaste,chemicalwaste,wasteswithhighheavy-metalcontent,pressurized containers-radioactivewaste.

Collectionanddisposalof waste water-hazardsof waste waterfrom healthcare establishments-wastewatermanagement.

Workers' protection,cytotoxicsafety,Emergencyresponse.

### **ModuleIV**

Epidemiologyofnosocomicalinfectionsandprevention.

Trainingforhealthcarepersonnel landwastemanagementoperators.

Minimal programmersfor health care waste management - waste segregation, safe recycling, treatment&disposal,managementofhazardshealth-carewastebywastecategories.

### **Reference:**

- 1) APruss,E.GiroultP.Rushbrook(Ed.) : SafeManagementofWastefrom health-care activities.WorldHealthOrganization, Geneva

### **TypeofQuestionsfor UniversityExamination**

Q1.Eightshortanswerquestionsof5markseachwithtwoquestionsfromeachofthefour modules. Q2toQ5: TwoquestionsA&Bof15marksfromeachmodulewithoptiontoanswer either Aor B.

## **804(C)FLUIDPOWERSAFETY**

### **ModuleI**

Introduction to Hydraulics- Pascal's Law- Conservation of energy- Pressure, Work and Power- Principles of Power Hydraulics, Pressure and Flow Measurements- Bernoulli's Principle- Hydraulicsymbols- Advantages.Hydraulicfluids,PropertiesPiping'sandSeals- Reservoirs. Actuators-Cylinders, Rams, Hydraulic Motors. Pumps- Gear, Vane and Piston types-Fixedand variableflow.Testingof Actuators&Pumps-SafetyPrecautions

### **ModuleII**

DirectionalControl-Checkvalve,Pilot-operated,Two-way andFour-wayvalves-Rotaryvalves. PressureControl-Reliefvalves-Differentfunctions.Volumecontrol MethodsandTypes.Testing ofControlValvesandSafetyprecautions.

### **ModuleIII**

Pneumatic Systems: Introduction: Production of compressed air, Air Receives, Accumulators,Dry andoilfreecompressedair.

Pneumaticcontrol: Components,TypesofCylinders,ControlValves-Direction,Pressureand Flow,AirMotorsandPneumaticSymbols.

Maintenance&Safety:Compressors&Accessories.

### **ModuleIV**

Accessories- Accumulators, PressureSwitches. Fluid Power Systems, Simple circuits- Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Hydropneumatic and Electrohydraulic. System Maintenance and Safety.

#### **TextBooks:**

- 1)J.Pippenger&T.Hicks : IndustrialHydraulics,McGrawHill
- 2)Majumdar.S.R:PneumaticSystems-Principles&Maintenance,TMH

#### **References:**

- 1)Ernst :OilHydraulicsanditsIndustrial Applications,McGrawHill
- 2)JagadishLal : HydraulicMachines
- 3)W.Deppert&K.Stol: PneumaticControl,VogelBuchVerlagWurzburg,1987
- 4)W.Deppert&K.Stol:PneumaticApplication,KemprathReiheVogelVerlag Wurzburg,1976.

#### **Typeof QuestionsforUniversity Examination**

Q1.Eightshortanswerquestionsof5markseachwithtwoquestionsfromeachofthefour modules. Q2toQ5 : TwoquestionsA&Bof15marksfromeachmodulewithoptiontoanswer either Aor B.

## **804(D) TOTALQUALITYMANAGEMENT**

### **MODULEI**

DefinitionofQuality,DimensionsofQuality,QualityPlanning,Qualitycosts-Analysistechniquesfor QualityCosts,BasicconceptsofTotalQualityManagement, HistoricalReview,PrinciplesofTQM, Leadership- Concepts,RoleofSeniorManagement, QualityCouncil,QualityStatements,Strategic Planning, DemingPhilosophy,BarriertoTQMImplementation.

### **MODULEII**

TQM Principles - Customer satisfaction - Customer Perception of Quality, Customer Complaints, ServiceQuality,CustomerRetention,EmployeeInvolvement-Motivation,Empowerment, Teams, Recognition and Reward, Performance Appraisal, Benefits, Continuous Process Improvement - Juan Trilogy, PDSA Cycle, 5S, Kaizen, Supplier Partnership - Partnering, sourcing, Supplier Selection, SupplierRating,RelationshipDevelopment, Performance Measures-BasicConcepts,Strategy, PerformanceMeasure.

### **MODULEIII**

Statisticalqualitycontrol-Theseventoolsofquality,StatisticalFundamentals-MeasuresofcentralTendency andDispersion,PopulationandSample, NormalCurve,ControlChartsforvariablesandattributes,Process capability,Conceptofsixsigma,NewsevenManagementtools.

### **MODULE IV**

TQMtools- Benchmarking -ReasonstoBenchmark, Benchmarking Process,QualityFunction Deployment(QFD)-HouseofQuality,QFDProcess,Benefits,TaguchiQualityLossFunction,Total ProductiveMaintenance(TPM)-Concept, ImprovementNeeds.Need for ISO 9000 and Other Quality Systems, ISO 9000:2000 Quality System - Elements, ImplementationofQualitySystem,Documentation,QualityAuditing

### **TEXTBOOK**

1. DaleH.Besterfiled,etal., “TotalQualityManagement”, PearsonEducation,Inc.2003. (Indianreprint2004).ISBN81-297-0260-6.

### **REFERECE**

1. JamesR.Evans&WilliamM.Lidsay, “TheManagementandControl ofQuality”,(5<sup>th</sup> Edition),South-Western(ThomsonLearning),2002(ISBN0-324-06680-5).
2. NarayanaV.andSreenivasan, N.S. “QualityManagement-ConceptsandTasks”,NewAge International1996.
3. Zeiri.“TotalQualityManagementforEngineers”,WoodHeadPublishers,1991.

### **TypeofQuestionsfor UniversityExamination**

Q1.Eightshortanswerquestionsof5markseachwithtwoquestionsfromeachofthefour modules. Q2toQ5: TwoquestionsA&Bof15marksfromeachmodulewithoptiontoanswer either Aor B.

## **805PROJECT**

Each batch of students (comprising of about five students) shall carry out a project in an industry/R&D institution/university department.

- A detailed project report in the prescribed formal shall be submitted at the end of the semester. All test results and relevant design and engineering documentation shall be included in the report
- The work shall be reviewed and evaluated periodically

The final evaluation of the project shall be done by a team of minimum 3 internal examiners including the project guide. The evaluation shall be based on:

- Presentation of the work
- Oral examination
- Quality and content of the project report

Guidelines for evaluation:

i. Regularity and progress of work	60
ii. Work knowledge and involvement	80
iii. End semester presentation and oral examination	100
iv. Project Report - Presentation style and content	60
Total	300 marks

**Note:**

Points (i) and (ii) to be evaluated by the respective project guide and the project coordinator based on continuous evaluation. (iii)-(iv) to be evaluated by the final evaluation team comprising of 3 internal examiners including the project guide.

## **806 VIVA-VOCE**

Each student is required to appear for a viva-voce examination at the end of the complete coursework.. The examination panel shall comprise of a minimum of one internal examiner and one external examiner, both appointed by the University. The examiners shall evaluate the students in terms of their conceptual grasp of the course of study and practical/analysis skills in the field. The students shall produce these minaret reports and project reports duly attested by the institutional authorities, before the examiners

